

Victoria Daily Times.

Vol. 25.

VICTORIA, B. C., MONDAY, AUGUST 9, 1897.

NO 135.

Belts At a Price.

To clear out our stock of Belts, to make room for our fall goods, which are now arriving, for the next week we will sell for much less than cost.

Fine Sterling Silver Mounted Leather Jubilee Belts, Good Silk and Cloth Belts, Sterling Silver Buckles, Good White Metal, etc., at prices from 25c. to \$1.

Challoner, Mitchell & Co. JEWELLERS, 47 GOVERNMENT STREET.

AUGMENTS MUCH

Means a great deal where you do your hot weather shopping. We invite inspection of following lines. Buying is made interesting for you here these days. May profit you to come in. We want all room possible for new goods.

Pretty Summer Blouses, 25c. Good Kid Gloves, fancy backs, \$1. White Cambric Skirts, 25c. Pretty Dress Muslins, 5c. Summer Corsets, 50c. pair. Wide Summer Suitings at 15c. Fabric Glove, White, Cream and Tans, 25c. Feder's Brush Skirt Protector, 5c. Folding Pocket Fans, 20c.

THE WESTSIDE.

J. HUCHESON & CO.

He Has Klondycitis.



WE CAN FIT HIM OUT.

The hot wave has struck us and we are trying to keep cool. With rich quartz strikes on the Island, coal oil cans full of the yellow metal in the Yukon and the big clean-ups in our bargains, it is 90 in the shade.

Lime Juice, 25c. Ontario Cider, 20c. Root Beer, 10c. St. Louis Lager, 4 pts., 25c. Local Beer, 4 qts., 50c. Kops Cheer, 2 for 25c.

Klondyke Supplies a Specialty. DIXIE H. ROSS & CO.

STEARNS BICYCLES

BELOW COST

FOR THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS

We will sell our stock of NEW BICYCLES BELOW COST PRICE FOR CASH, to clear. Now is your chance to get a good Bicycle cheap. We have also a number of SECOND-HAND BICYCLES which we will sell at very low price.

MEN'S, LADIES', CHILDREN'S AND TANDEM.

JOHN BARNESLEY & CO.,

CORNER JOHNSON AND GOVERNMENT STS.

Agents for Stearns, Victor, Remington and Waverley Bicycles.

WEILER BROS.

51 TO 55 FORT STREET VICTORIA, B.C.

All kinds of Enamel Cups, Saucers, Plates, Mugs, &c. All kinds of Indestructible Cooking Utensils. All kinds of Knives, Forks, Spoons, &c.

AT WEILER BROS.

Our prices are right. You will pay big prices. These goods do not weigh much. Dawson City.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE—Klondyke Pack Horses, the best in the market; also 1 lady's and 2 gents' bicycles, cheap, at Jones' Auction Rooms, Government street. aug9

WANTED—By responsible party, small furnished house by October 1st. Address X.Y.Z., this office. aug9

WANTED—Housekeeper for small family. Sleep at home. Apply Mrs. Jackson, Chatham street. aug9-31

ONE OR TWO CHILDREN can have a good home near Central School on reasonable terms. Address "Guardian," Times office. aug9-31

TO RENT—A furnished cottage on Dallas Road, between Turner and Menzies streets. Apply to Mrs. F. M. Yorke. aug9-31

NORMAN HARRIE, of Dodwell, Carhill & Co., has my power of attorney while I am on the Yukon. F. M. Yorke. aug9-31

WANTED—Ironers at Steam Laundry, 152 Yates street. aug9-31

WANTED—First class horse-shoer. Apply 17 Broughton street. aug9

WANTED—Youth for an office, some experience necessary; state references, age and salary expected. P. O. Box 270. aug9-31

FOR KLONDYKE—Good, strong horse for sale, used to mountain packing. Apply to J. T. Higgins, Florist, near Jubilee Hospital. aug9-31

SALMON FISHING has commenced. A splendid assortment of salmon bait and lines received direct from England at Henry Short & Sons, 72 Douglas street. aug9-31

COAL AND WOOD—We are the only yard in the city who sell double screened coal. Try it. We can please you in quality and price. Wood—We have No. 1 Wood that will give satisfaction. We guarantee weight and measure. G. Galloway & Co. Telephone No. 407. July 31-41

MELLOR'S bath tub enamel is the only reliable enamel for baths; new designs in wall papers. Mellor, Fort street, above Douglas. aug9-31

VICTORIA WOOD AND COAL YARD, cor. Government and Discovery. All kinds of fuel for sale at lowest current rates. Your order solicited. Delivery free. Also steam wood sawing done. Telephone No. 149. A. G. Howe. July 16-30

LINSEED OIL—Guaranteed pure English oil, at 65c. per gallon, in 4 gallon lots; pure lead, 5c. per 100 lbs., No. 1. Telephone No. 100. J. W. Mellor, Fort St. aug9-31

JUST RECEIVED ANOTHER shipment of Wright & Ditson's Tennis goods, at J. Barnesley & Co., 119 Government St. Have you seen the fisherman's sun hat? aug9-31

\$5.00—No. 1 double screened household coal, per ton of 2,000 pounds, delivered to any part of the city. Hall, Gossel & Co., 100 Government street. Telephone call No. 83. aug9-31

TO BUILDERS—Doors and sashes at best rock prices. J. W. Mellor, Fort St. July 31-41

R. HAMILTON, M.R.C.V.S., Veterinary Surgeon, has removed to the Victoria Transfer, 21 Broughton street. Telephone 129. aug7-1w

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

A LARGE

AUCTION SALE

of Real Estate (including small holdings and city properties) and Batts, Nets, about Two Acres of Barley, Buggy, Horse and Harness, Stage Coach and Miscellaneous Articles will take place in the Opera House and at the Public Wharf in

STEVESTON,

On Saturday, 28th August, 1897

Full particulars in bills and future advertisements. Parties having similar subjects for sale or surplus farm stock are asked to communicate with the subscriber at once.

ALEX. PHILIP, Steveston, Aug. 6, 1897. Auctioneer, aug6-1w-d4w

AUCTION

Hardware, Iron and Agricultural Implements

MARVIN & TILTON'S EXTENSIVE STOCK

To-Morrow at 10.30 a.m.

I have been instructed by the above firm to close out the whole of their valuable and well assorted stock in trade at their store, Wharf and Bastion streets, Victoria, consisting of a large assortment of Sheet and Heavy Hardware, Nails, Iron, Steel, Chain, Cordage, Agricultural Implements, and extras for Ploughs; Toronto, Champion, Buckeye, and other Harvesting Machines; Builders', Contractors', Plumbers' and Engineers' supplies; Office Furniture, etc., etc. The Auctioneer would call special attention to this great and peremptory sale, as the firm has decided to close out their business. It would not be in the reach of an ordinary advertisement to enumerate the large stock that will be sold without reserve.

Inspection of stock is invited. Premises open from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. GEORGE BYRNES, Auctioneer.

GERMANY AGAIN PROTESTS

Against the Sugar Duties Imposed by the United States.

London, Aug. 9.—The Berlin correspondent of the Times says: "The fresh German protest to the United States on the subject of the sugar duties differs from the former protest in being a written one. Its concession to the agrarian agitation, therefore, does not pass unchallenged here. It is not yet known whether the protest represents an isolated act on the part of Germany, or whether it is in conjunction with other governments, some of which have more ground of complaint than Germany."

Montreal, Aug. 9.—The C.P.R. directors to-day declared a half-yearly dividend of one and one-half per cent.

SEÑOR CANOVAS ASSASSINATED

The Spanish Prime Minister Murdered by an Italian Anarchist Yesterday Afternoon.

Great Excitement in Madrid—His Death Predicted—Particulars of the Crime.

A Sketch of His Career—Has Served His Country in Many Capacities.

Madrid, Aug. 9.—Senor Canovas del Castillo, prime minister, was assassinated yesterday afternoon by an Italian anarchist, whose name is believed to be Michele Angino Gulli, at the baths at Santa Agueda. There is great excitement. The deed was undoubtedly premeditated.

The murderer fired three shots, two of which struck the premier in the head and the other in the chest. The wounded man lingered unconscious for two hours and died at 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

His wife was but a short distance away when he fell. The premier went to Santa Agueda last Thursday to take a three weeks' course of baths, after which he expected to return to San Sebastian to meet United States Minister Woodford, when officially received by the Queen Regent.

The health of the premier had improved greatly of late. He had been leading a very quiet life, although he attended to business of state.

At the moment of the assassination he had been waiting in the gallery of the bathing establishment for his wife, who was to join him for lunch. Suddenly the assassin, who had the appearance of an ordinary visitor, approached and fired at him pointblank, one bullet passing through the body and coming out behind under the left shoulder, the other lodging in the head. He fell instantly and never recovered consciousness.

Several medical men and his wife were waiting in their attendance to the premier, but the wounds were mortal, and he died in two hours. Extreme unction was administered amid a scene of mingled sorrow and indignation.

The murderer deliberately watched for the opportunity to kill the Spanish statesman, as he only fired when there was no chance of missing. In fact, the assassin, who was arrested almost immediately the premier fell dying at the feet of his wife, declared as much to the examining magistrate.

The prime minister lingered some time in agony and passed away with a cry of "Long live Spain."

Further details of the assassination show that Senor Canovas del Castillo and his wife were present yesterday morning at the celebration of mass in the chapel attached to the baths. After the mass the premier sat reading and conversing with some reporters, when the assassin approached and fired three shots at him with a revolver, hitting him in the forehead, chest and left ear. The wounded man fell to the ground crying: "Assassin! Long live Spain!" The premier was carried to his room and expired at 1:30 p.m., after extreme unction had been administered him by a priest of the Dominican order.

The murderer was immediately seized by people in the vicinity of the scene of the crime. He was severely handled and might have been killed had it not been for the protection afforded him by a number of civil guards who ran to the scene.

The prisoner, who declared he had killed the premier "in accomplishment of a just vengeance," first gave the name of Rinaldi, and claimed that the deed was the outcome of an extensive anarchist conspiracy. Later, however, the assassin confessed that his real name was Michele Angino Gulli, that he was 26 years of age, a native of Boglia, near Naples, and had left Italy and come to Spain in 1896. After reaching Spain, Gulli, according to his confession, resided in Barcelona and participated in the doings of the various anarchist associations, in that place and vicinity. After sojourning in that place for some time, Gulli visited France and Belgium and returned to Spain in July last. After his return the anarchist seems to have completed his plans for the assassination of the prime minister. He left Madrid for Santa Agueda at the same time as Senor Canovas del Castillo, and awaited his man.

Senora Canovas del Castillo, wife of the premier, rushed to his side upon hearing the shots and bitterly reproached the murderer for the crime. Gulli, replying to the agonizing words of the distracted wife, said: "I respect you, because you are an honorable lady, but

I have done my duty, and I am now easy in mind for having avenged my friends and brothers of Montjuich."

Montjuich is a fortress in Barcelona outside of which anarchists who have been sentenced to death for recent outrages have been executed by being shot in the back. The anarchists recently executed outside of Montjuich were the last batch of friends guilty of throwing bombs, on June 7th, 1889, into a religious procession about to enter the church of Santa Maria de La Mar. Twelve persons were instantly killed and 50 others injured. For this 26 anarchists were sentenced to death and a majority of them executed.

The Spanish newspapers express great indignation at Gulli's crime. Even periodicals with Republican leanings praise the services of the deceased statesman.

London, Aug. 9.—A week ago the French newspaper, Courrier de Lyon, published an interview with an Italian anarchist, in which it was stated that within a few days the world would be astonished by an event resembling the death of Carnot.

The Spanish anarchists, Refuse and Barcelona, now in London, being questioned this evening on the subject of the assassination of Canovas, declared the murder had nothing to do with them. Rinaldi, or Rinaldi, they assert, is quite unknown. One of them said: "Our methods are constitutional." They admitted, however, that they could not be expected to greatly deplore the death of a man responsible for the tortures inflicted on them; but they reiterated the assertion that the act was the work of a solitary individual, with accomplices.

Washington, D.C., Aug. 9.—Senator Morgan, a member of the committee on foreign affairs, predicted, in an interview last night, that the assassination of Premier Canovas might be the forerunner of complete change of government, a republic replacing the monarchy. This, he thought, was the present tendency, and yesterday's event is regarded as evidence of the disintegration of the Spanish government.

Antonio Canovas del Castillo was born in 1839. He made his debut in 1851, under the patronage of Senors Rios, Rosas and Pacheco, as chief editor of the Patria, in which he defended Conservative ideas. In 1854 he was named deputy for Malaga, and since that year has never ceased to occupy a seat in the Cortes. In 1856 he was charged d'affaires at Rome, and drew up the historical memorandum on the relations of Spain with the Holy See, which served as a basis for the Concordat. He was then named successfully Governor of Cadix in 1855, director-general of the administration from 1858 to 1861, and lastly, in that same year, under-secretary of state for the interior. In 1864 the Queen called him the ministry together with Mon; O'Donnell chose him in 1865 as minister of finance and the colonies; and he had the honor of drawing up the law for the abolition of the traffic in black slaves. Lastly, a little before the revolution of 1868, he was the last to defend with energy in the Cortes the Liberal principle when all the parties which had supported his doctrine had deserted the parliament. His greatest title to fame is that of having been the first—supported by Senors Elduayen, Bugallal, and two others—to hoist the standard of legitimate and constitutional monarchy, in the full constituent assembly of 1868, and in face of the triumphant revolution. His fidelity and capacity definitely obtained for him the supreme direction of the Alfonsist party, and on the proclamation of Alfonso XII, as king in December, 1874, Senor Canovas del Castillo became president of the council and chief of the new cabinet, and he continued to hold the premiership, with the exception of an interval of a few months, down to 1879, when on return of Marshal Martinez Campos from Cuba, Senor Canovas del Castillo retired from the premiership and Marshal Campos became prime minister, accepting as his colleagues the principal associates of Senor Canovas.

The skilful resistance of the latter delayed and defeated the marshal's free trade and emancipation projects, so that on the reassembling of the Cortes (December, 1879), he was compelled to resign. Senor Canovas del Castillo then returned to power in the year 1881; however, his Conservative cabinet was overthrown, and a coalition between Senor Sagasta and Marshal Martinez Campos came into office. Senor Canovas del Castillo is the author of numerous works in moral and political science, and a History of the House of Austria, which is in great repute. These publications have long since gained him admission into the Academy of Madrid. In 1875 Senor Canovas del Castillo received the insignia of the Order of the Red Eagle from the Emperor of Germany, the Grand Cross of the Order of the Tower and Sword from the King of Spain, and the Golden Fleece from the King of Spain.

A TERRIFIC EXPLOSION.

Terrible Loss of Life at a Cartridge Factory Accident.

Sofia, Bulgaria, Aug. 7.—A terrific explosion occurred yesterday at a cartridge factory at Pustchuk, on the Danube, 130 miles northwest of Yarna. Forty persons were killed and many others injured. The lives of sixty of the latter are despaired of. Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria, on receipt of the news of the disaster, visited the sufferers from the explosion who had been taken to the hospital, and caused money to be distributed to the families of the victims.

WOODS GRANTED A BRIEF RESPITE

The Nelson Murderer Will Not Ascend the Scaffold on Wednesday Next.

Attorney-General Has Granted Leave for the Prisoner to Apply for a New Trial.

Case Comes Up in the Full Court on Friday—Legal Proceedings This Morning.

Ottawa, Aug. 8.—Counsel for Wood, the Nelson, B. C., murderer, has been telegraphing to the department of justice all day in regard to obtaining a new trial for the condemned man, who was sentenced to be hanged on Aug. 11. The department cannot see any grounds for granting it, and has advised the prisoner's counsel to apply to the proper place. The latest telegram says that the attorney-general has granted leave for the prisoner to apply for a new trial. This will necessitate a respite, which will be granted by the court. As far as the Dominion executive is concerned, they find no grounds for interfering, and the whole case now rests with the attorney-general of the province and the provincial court.

The case came up in the Full Court in Victoria this morning. At the Nelson assizes Jimmy Woods was found guilty of the murder of Sam Woods, a blacksmith, of Nelson. Part of the evidence of the prosecution consisted of the dying declaration made by Wood, and counsel for the condemned man asks for a new trial on the ground that this evidence was inadmissible. This morning Deputy Attorney-General Smith stated to the Court that the Crown granted leave to appeal, and the Court ordered a respite of two weeks if no other order had been made by a judge. At the same time a telegram was received stating that Mr. Justice Walkem had ordered a respite of two weeks. Friday next was fixed for the argument.

NANAIMO MINERS.

Fifty of the Protection Men Will be Given Employment.

The adjourned meeting of the Miners' and Mine Laborers' Protective Association was held in the I. O. O. F. hall at 1 o'clock on Saturday morning. The shutting down of the Protection shaft at the end of last month threw about 250 men out of employment. The company submitted to the union the names of 50 of those men, for whom they would be able to provide work in the other mines of the company. The election of the executive committee for the next six months took place, with the following results: John McCourt, Alex. Matheson, Jr., John Diamond, Anthony Anderson, Isaac Nash, Edward Muirhead, John Shaw and Joseph Pearson were elected to form the finance committee for the next six months.

A lengthy discussion in reference to the men thrown out of employment by shutting down the Protection shaft took place, and some dissatisfaction was expressed at the employment of new men by the company at the time when they were anticipating the closing of the Protection mine. It was found, however, that nothing could be done in the matter, the company having always reserved the right to employ and discharge whom they pleased.

The quarterly statement of the Association's accounts were presented and found eminently satisfactory.—Free Press.

THE SCHEMING YANKEES.

Will Try and Hammer Canadian Trade in the Yukon.

Washington, Aug. 9.—Representative J. Hamilton Lewis, of the state of Washington, has had a conference with the treasury officials in regard to customs matters on the Alaska-Canadian frontier. Mr. Lewis said that he had received information which he deemed trustworthy to the effect that the Canadian commissioner of customs had issued a special order fixing an exorbitant rate of duty on everything brought by miners entering the Klondyke country by way of Alaska. According to Mr. Lewis' information this duty was fifteen cents a pound on goods of every character. The treasury officials are inclined to doubt the accuracy of this report, but have taken means to ascertain the facts. If, however, it should be found to be true, the action of the Canadian authorities in establishing a branch custom house at Dyea may be reconsidered and steps taken to protect the rights of American miners in the premises.

Cable News.

Sinai, Aug. 5.—The British political officer at Malakand reports that practically all the tribes joined in the late attacks on the British forces in the Chitral district. He says 2,700 of the enemy were killed and many of the tribesmen were wounded. The latter are greatly disheartened and much further resistance is not likely.

London, Aug. 6.—The Park theatre, at Springbank, was wholly destroyed by fire this morning.

SO SAYS SHERMAN

U. S. Secretary of State Expresses Himself Very Freely on Some Important Issues.

His Views on the Cuban Question, The Japan-Hawaii Dispute and the Sealing Controversy.

New York, Aug. 9.—The World publishes an interview said to have been obtained with John Sherman, secretary of state, just previous to his return to Washington from Ammanst, I. I. In this interview Mr. Sherman is represented as saying:

"Spain will lose Cuba. That seems to me to be certain. She cannot continue the struggle. Already the conflict has cost her more than \$200,000,000. Her money is gone and she can get no more. She has reached the limit of her borrowing capacity. She cannot pay back what she has already borrowed. The only thing left for her to do is to repudiate her debts. Having repudiated them, she can begin anew, but she will have to begin without Cuba. That country is devastated. The insurgents have been fighting with only the hope of ultimate success as their reward. The Spanish soldiers have been battling for pay. The pay will stop and then the conflict will stop."

"Spain is in no condition to wage war anywhere. The burdens placed upon her people to sustain the struggle for retaining Cuba have been very heavy. Widespread discontent will come sooner or later within the Spanish domain. Stopping the struggle by withdrawing her troops from Cuba and by repudiating her debts is her only way to recover. Sooner or later she must do this. So far we have done nothing to arouse the anger of the Spanish people. We have gone on minding our own business, deaf to the pleadings of Cuba and deaf to the pleadings of our own people, who wanted the government to interfere."

The secretary was asked as to whether there was any truth in the report that the American flag was to be raised in Hawaii and a protectorate proclaimed. He replied:

"I cannot divulge the instructions given to Minister Sewall. Perhaps they will develop as time passes. But I can say there will be no change in the situation in Hawaii until congress reconvenes. There can be no change because the terms of the pending treaty, which have been approved by President McKinley, must be observed."

"There is nothing in this talk that a serious disagreement between this country and Japan will follow any interference on our part with the existing system of government in Hawaii. Japan must certainly understand that this nation has never objected to the Japanese and that whatever trouble it has had on this score was due to officials for whom we are not responsible and over whom we have no control. If we had Hawaii Japan would have no reason to fear that her subjects would suffer from unfair treatment."

"While I believe that Japan is entirely innocent of any intent of assuming to ward us a belligerent or threatening attitude, it may be well to remark that her attitude, no matter what it might be, would not affect our position in the least. We have always believed that we have more right to take a stand in the management of the Hawaiian islands and the government of the other lands similarly situated than any other country."

"Hawaii is only about 2,000 miles from our shores. Whatever course we see fit to pursue toward her will be pursued without regard to any other nation. We consider that we have a right to do this and we will insist upon maintaining our rights at any cost."

"Have you taken any interest in the discovery of the new gold fields? Mr. Sherman looked up in surprise.

"You mean the Clondyke region? Of course I have. That is a matter that would naturally attract the attention of any man in my position."

"The fact that international complications may arise is, of course, sharpened my interest in the subject. There may be questions as to boundaries. It has always been customary to consider the lines as running along the mainland. But occasionally it has been contended that in laying the lines to determine the 200-mile line measurement could be made from the points of land extending farthest into the water, or even from islands."

"Whenever these claims were made, the purpose of them has been apparent. They were made to advance the interests of the country making them. If a disagreement arises over such a question it would possibly be because some of the islands prove of unusual value. This government is ready to maintain the rights of its citizens and to protect its own interests to the last degree."

"However, it is too early to speculate as to what may happen in Alaska. If difficulties arise we will be ready to face them, but I expect no trouble."

"It is a place where big fortunes are being rapidly made."

"Oh, I don't know about that," replied the secretary.

"A great many of the stories that come from that place are undoubtedly exaggerated. I guess some of them are grossly exaggerated. It is always so whenever gold is found. The tales are built on hopes and imagination as much as on the facts."

"The statement is printed this morning that the making of a port of entry is likely to injure the industry. Whether or not it is a port of entry is of no especial consequence. The matter cuts a small figure either way."

"Our relations with England seem to have been restored to a friendly basis."

"Oh, yes," said Mr. Sherman with a laugh, "that cloud, if indeed, there ever was a cloud, has been blown completely away."

Then he laughed again. Folding his hands in his lap the secretary said, with a slight trace of humor in his voice, "These seals, considering their location and the manner of their life, have sometimes made things pretty warm for various nations. England never had any good reason to quarrel with us about

them, because the more seals we caught the better for her. You know, we can't dress the skins in this country. We don't know how to do it, and so when we capture a seal we have to send it to England to be dressed, and then it comes back to us, its original owner, as an imported article."

"England is a great country, but it is not always safe to assume that she is ready to follow up every quarrel with blows. She quarrels oftener than she fights. It would be exceedingly difficult for her to fight us all alone about our seal catching. Russia and Japan are in a similar position, and any quarrel between the United States and England on this score would in all probability involve those other two countries. It is my opinion that England would hesitate a long time before getting into such a scrape."

"Japan as a nation is not to be despised. Her recent war with China shows the world that she stands well to the front as a powerful country. Her people number about 40,000,000. She is not beneath the contempt of any nation, and the time has come when she must be considered."

"But I do not believe that we will ever have any serious difficulty with England. Our refusal to be intimidated has had a salutary effect."

"It is not our custom to retreat or to retract, because we are cautious as to movements and the statements we make. This caution has generally placed us in a formidable position when international complications arise."

WINNIPEG WIRINGS.

Allen Labor Law—Route to the Yukon From Edmonton.

Winnipeg, Aug. 7.—Commissioner McCreary is strictly enforcing the provisions of the alien labor law, and in the examination of several men who reached here lately seeking work on the Crow's Nest Pass railway he discovered that they had no intention of settling in Canada, and to avoid further trouble, the commissioner has written to all the agents of the Dominion government in the United States to be careful in their selection of men. All the men presenting themselves have to be suitable farm hands and desirous of ultimately settling on land in the northwest; if not, they are refused employment, and will in future be deported out of the province. The immigration officer today sent out fifty men to Lethbridge to work on the Crow's Nest Pass line. They have also instructions to send another hundred men early in the week by way of MacLeod.

Among the passengers on the Pacific express this afternoon was a party of United States citizens en route to the Clondyke, including M. G. Carrier, of Washington, and O. T. Jaques, of Atlantic City, N. J.

It is said that the Canadian Pacific railway authorities are in conference with the Dominion government with a view to opening a route to the gold fields via Edmonton. It is claimed that a more accessible and less dangerous route is possible, and that it can be cut out during the winter, so as to be available for the traffic in the spring.

Mr. Cadginghead, civil engineer, has received a telegram from Ottawa to hold himself in readiness to accompany a party of surveyors to open a route into the Yukon country. From another source it is learned that the party will leave here on Tuesday, and that the route to be inspected is via Edmonton.

Robbers entered Garland's general store at Portage la Prairie last night. Ormand, the caretaker, aroused by the noise, fired on them, and one of them returned the fire, striking the plucky man in the left shoulder. The thieves then cleared out without securing anything. Ormand has a dangerous wound. There is no trace of the burglars.

Mr. Howard Douglas, of Calgary, will become the superintendent of the National Park on September 1st.

Word was received here today that Professor Fay has been successful in reaching the summit of Mount Lefroy, at Banff, N. W. T. The party consisted of nine people, including a Swiss guide and Mr. Colly, a well-known mountain climber from England, who mentioned the fact that Mount Lefroy was more difficult to ascend than the Matterhorn. The same party will try the ascent of Green Mountain, and next day the ascent of Mount Assiniboine. The latter has been tried over and over again, with no success. It is a most difficult climb, in height about 11,500 feet, and looks from the level to be almost perpendicular for 1,000 feet.

HELPLESS FOR A YEAR.

Bowed Down With Rheumatism and Sciatica.

From the Post, Sackville, N. B.

Records like the following carry conviction with them, and in a practical sense it might be said that this is still the age of miracles. Mr. Edward Downey, of Macan, N. B., says: "I have been a resident of Cumberland county some years. I have been a great sufferer for upwards of ten years with sciatica rheumatism. I was tortured with severe pains, which at times would become almost unbearable, and I think I suffered almost everything a man can suffer and live. I was so crippled that I could not work, and part of the time I became so weak and my system so run down that I despaired of ever getting better. My case was an almost hopeless one, and as I had abandoned work I was almost helpless for over a year. I heard of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I was induced to at least give them a trial. In a short time I began to recover, and the agonizing pains left my back and limbs, so that I was enabled to walk out of doors. Before I had used more than half a dozen bottles I used more than half a dozen bottles. I had a hard day's work. I had a good appetite, and began to gain flesh and feel like a new man. I am free from aches and pains, and have Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to thank for it all." The reporter could not help feeling that Mr. Downey's case was a striking one, as he now presents a stout, well-built figure, straight limbed, and as smart in his movements as a young man of twenty.

All cases of weak or lame back, backache, rheumatism, will find relief by wearing one of Carter's Smart Wood and Bellona Backache Plasters. Price 25 cents. Try them.

A SERIOUS CRISIS

Mexico on the Verge of Repudiation Caused by the Sudden Drop in Silver.

Business All Around Is Paralyzed—All Orders for Abroad Have Been Countermanded.

Mexico, Aug. 9.—The continual fall of silver and the corresponding rise in exchange has reached the point when this country is brought face to face with what may be a serious crisis. No sophistry can hide the real condition of affairs here.

It is a very well known fact that Mexico can live within herself, and can raise on a silver basis natural products that she can sell abroad on a gold basis. This would be perfectly satisfactory if there was such an enormous increase of wealth resulting from such conditions that the country could bear a high rate of taxation, in order that the government might be able to meet its interest abroad by such means without any extra strain.

At this moment Mexican bonds are unaltered in London, principally owing to the scrupulous exactness under the most distressing conditions with which the interest has been met. These debts are in gold, and at this rate of exchange that interest is excessive, and it is only a matter of time, unless there is a favorable change in silver, when this republic will be unable to stand it.

Repudiation has an ugly sound, but something very much like it under present circumstances must result. The railway corporations and other foreign companies here have to meet a gold interest with a medium that is ever decreasing in value. It does not matter, however, earned the money, because the money earned is inadequate to meet the obligations abroad. There is only one thing for them to do; increase their earnings over 10 fold or consider that their foreign debt was contracted in silver.

It seems hard that the credit of this government, that is now so high, and the excellent investments here should be injured through circumstances over which we have no control. But facts are facts, and it will be interesting to watch what will happen unless there is a sharp rally in silver before long.

Business of all kinds is paralyzed, and all orders for abroad have been countermanded. The manager of the Scotch thread monopoly here has advanced prices on thread 25 per cent, and the French importers of dry goods have followed suit.

A prominent banker said that he believed exchange would go to 150 per cent. premium. He considered the outlook to be most serious for this country, in fact he considered it too gloomy to speculate upon.

FIGHT WITH THE FANATICS.

Brazilian Troops Lured Into a Mountain Pass and Slain.

Rio de Janeiro, July 6.—The government has just received dispatches giving the first full details of the great battle fought on June 30, in Coco Robo, near Canudos, between the government troops under General Savitig and the fanatics under Condeheiro.

The Brazilian government had organized an expedition to punish the religious fanatics, who in March massacred Colonel Morio Cesar and his troops, who had been sent to re-establish order in the districts disturbed by the emissaries of Antonio Condeheiro.

About 6,000 men under General Arthur Oscar had been sent from the south to Canudos and General Savitig with about 5,000 men had gone to meet him, with a view of joint attack upon the position of the fanatics at Canudos. General Savitig was advancing from the east and the fanatics having got wind of the movement sent a strong body to prevent the two commanders from effecting a conjunction, and it was only after a fierce battle that the government forces drove the enemy back. The official report of the commander follows:

"Coco Robo is a dry and barren field, about 1,000 feet long and 1,500 feet wide, the limits of which are two high rocks, between them lying the only road to Canudos, where the fanatics concentrated their force."

"On the tops of these rocks the revolutionists had erected walls, from behind which they could easily inspect the road. General Savitig, who had received orders to reach Canudos through Coco Robo, and who well knew the dangers of the passage, sent scouts forward to examine the pass and as nothing suspicious was observed, ordered a squadron of lancers under Lieutenant Pacheco to go forward. They had no sooner reached the pass when they found themselves under a cross fire from behind the rocks."

"There was nothing to be done but to fall back, and Lieutenant Pacheco hoped to be able to do this with but little loss. In the face of this check General Savitig gave the general order to advance. The advance guard, composed that day of the brigade of Colonel Martins, forming a shooting line and supported by the Thirty-fifth battalion under Major Sampson and the Thirty-fourth under Colonel Mery, went forward very slowly, owing to the well directed rebel fire from the heights."

"Colonel Martins asked for a cannon, but the gun was of no service, as it was impossible to aim it high enough to reach the elevated position of the Canudos. The column of the Twelfth battalion under Succules endeavored to take one of the rocks by storm, but was driven back with heavy losses."

"The shooting line, which had already been much reduced, advanced again, reinforced by the Thirty-fifth battalion. The combat, which began at 11 o'clock in the morning, had been in progress for two hours with no appreciable advantage or the Brazilian troops."

"At 1 o'clock in the afternoon the artillery arrived and the brigade of Colonel Pantaji was ordered to defend the rear guard with the wagons and wounded."

"At half-past 1 General Savitig and his staff traversed the glade at the head of

No Gripe

When you take Hood's Pills. The big, old-fashioned, sugar-coated pills, which tear you all to pieces, are not in it with Hood's. Easy to take.

Hood's Pills

and easy to operate, is true of Hood's Pills, which are up to date in every respect. Safe, certain and sure. All druggists, etc. C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

several battalions beneath a terrible fire from the summit of the rocks. The fields and the pass were filled with dead and wounded, but the commander pushed forward. From this moment the firing constantly increased and the peril of the passage became more and more deadly.

"General Savitig, turning to Colonel Carlos Telles, whose brigade held the centre, said, 'We must make a bayonet attack; otherwise we can never get out of this pass.'"

"Colonel Telles gave the word of command with the Twelfth battalion on in front and the order was splendidly executed and the federal troops occupied the pass and captured all the rebel positions. It was not accomplished, however, without enormous losses, the federal losing 15 officers and more than 500 soldiers killed and more than 600 wounded."

"After camping all night near the battlefield, the government troops continued the advance to Canudos, where they effected a union with General Arthur Oscar and his 6,000 men."

THE CHASE IN WALL STREET.

Bankers Become Interested and Send Agents to the Gold Fields.

New York, Aug. 9.—Wall street has been seized by a genuine "49" gold fever as a result of the discoveries in the Clondyke. Men who have mined and made money; men who have mined and lost money; men who have always thought they might speculate a little in mining, and men who have had a complete abhorrence of mining—all seem to be affected in the same way. More than half a dozen banking concerns and as many individuals in Wall street, whose standing in the financial world is the very best, have actually turned away from \$5,000 to \$125,000 each which clients and customers wished to invest, under their guidance and supervision, in the great gold fields of Alaska. Laddenburg, Thalmann & Co., H. L. Horton & Co., Kean, Van Cortlandt & Co., R. P. Lonsberry & Co., and Charles Head & Co. are some of these firms who have more money offered them for investment in the Clondyke than they have desired. The prejudice against mining is vanishing. Only recently bankers who dabbled in mines were looked upon with about as much suspicion by their customers and the money world as a bank clerk or cashier who regularly played faro, roulette and the races. But that is wearing off, and the best concerns are beginning to mine in one way and another. Among the various down-town banking houses who are either interested in the Clondyke, who have sent a representative there for themselves or customers, or who have made up their minds to do so, are R. P. Lonsberry & Co., N. Guzenheim & Sons, Kean, Van Cortlandt & Co., Nicholas Chemical Company, H. R. Hollins & Co., H. L. Horton & Co., Charles Head & Co., and Seligman & Co.

GREATEST OF ALL WATER POWERS.

It Will Rival Niagara and the Energy Comes From the River St. Lawrence.

New York, Aug. 5.—The greatest water power plant in the world is to be built within a few months, if the plans of the corporation controlling it meet with no obstruction. It is intended to take power from the St. Lawrence river and by means of a system of turbines, to generate 75,000 horse-power each to operate an electric plant of almost incalculable strength. John Bogart, the engineer, of this city, has prepared the plans and the contracts are ready to be let. The financial part of the business, which means the forming of a company with a capital of millions of dollars, is in the hands of Stewart & Co., investment brokers. Mr. Stewart has everything in proper shape now and the work is already going on.

The plant is to be an immense building near Massena, N. Y., on the United States side of the St. Lawrence. There are fifteen turbines, which, with 5,000 horse-power each, aggregate 75,000 horse-power. The St. Lawrence in the neighborhood of Massena, N. Y., has a fall of fifty-six feet in a distance of about seven miles, and the Grasse river at Massena is fifty feet lower than the St. Lawrence. Engineers have examined every foot of the territory for many miles above Massena, and after weighing every consideration and taking advantage of every natural advantage have come to the conclusion that Massena is the ideal spot.

There is a canal connecting St. Lawrence with Grasse river at a point which makes available much greater power than could be obtained in any other way. The proposal is to cut this canal three and a half miles long, 220 feet broad, and 26 feet deep. Then, with a working head of 40 feet, it will be able to send enough water into the Grasse river to develop 15,000 horse-power.

The plant is to be even greater than that at Niagara Falls, because with all the force of the long rapids of the St. Lawrence behind it, there is practically no limit to its potency, and the natural advantage of Massena for the establishment of factories will enable the electricity manufactured there to be used on the spot, instead of being carried to a distance, as is the case with that at Niagara.

Massena is only a small place now, but it is expected that a city will grow there, and that in a few years it will be one of the most important manufacturing centers in the state, and perhaps in the United States.

As showing the general confidence in the enterprise \$3,000,000 worth of bonds have been underwritten by an English company to build the plant.

Manufacturing of all kinds is to be established at Massena as soon as the electric power is in operation, because there will be actually all the power that can be required for the ponderous machinery.

The use of the St. Lawrence in this way is regarded as marking an era in modern science as applied to commerce.

If there ever was a specific for any one complaint, then Carter's Little Pills are a specific for sick headache, and every woman should know this. Only one pill a dose. Try them.

Victoria

Parlor Matches

Fittingly called Jubilee Matches on account of their high quality; each individual match can be relied upon; hot weather will not affect them...

THE E. B. EDDY CO., LIMITED, HALKIN.

THE COMMISSION A FARCE.

The Westminster Gazette on the Mission of the Silver Envoys.

London, August 9.—The Westminster Gazette to-day, commenting upon the letter sent by Sir Michael Hicks-Beach to the United States monetary commission, now in London, postponing until October the report of the British government to the invitation of the United States and of France, to take part in a conference upon bimetallicism, says: "Everybody knows that the mission of the silver envoys is a farce of the baldest kind. We hoped the English government would not have lent course the answer of both the Indian and English governments in October is a foregone conclusion."

—Magic Liniment should be in every household for burns and scalds, all forms of swellings, sore throat, whooping cough, cold on the chest, bites of insects and all forms of inflammation. Magic Liniment is superior to all others. Sold by John Cochrane and D. E. Campbell.

NOTICE.

St. John street, from Belleville street to Quebec street, is closed to traffic.

E. A. WILMOT, City Engineer.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners at its next sitting as a Licensing Court for a transfer to William White of my interest in the license issued to William White and myself for the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the King's Head saloon, situate upon the north side of Johnson street in the city of Victoria.

Dated this 9th day of June, 1897.

R. SLOAN.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Co.

NOTICE.

To Prospectors, Miners and Holders of Mineral Claims on unoccupied land within the Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Company's land grant, FOR ONE YEAR ONLY from the date of this notice, the Railway Company will sell their rights to minerals (except coal and iron) and the surface rights of mineral claims, at the price of \$5.00 per acre. Such sales will be subject to all other reservations contained in conveyances from the Company prior to this date. One half of the purchase money to be paid ten days after recording the claim with the Government, and a duplicate of the record to be filed in the Company's Land Office, Victoria, on payment of the first instalment. The balance of the purchase money to be paid in two equal instalments, at the expiration of six and twelve months, without interest. Present holders of Mineral Claims who have not previously made other arrangements with the Company for acquiring Surface and Mineral Rights, are hereby notified to at once make the first payment on their Claims, as otherwise they will be deemed and treated as trespassers.

LEONARD H. SOLLY, Land Commissioner.

Victoria, B.C., June 1st, 1897.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the next sitting of the County Court of Victoria is adjourned until Tuesday, the 10th of August, 1897, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon. By order.

ARTHUR KEAST, Deputy Registrar of the County Court of Victoria.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners at their next sitting as a Licensing Court for a transfer to John V. Millington and Walter Millington of my license for the sale of wines and liquors by retail upon the premises situate on the northeast corner of Fort and Douglas streets, Victoria city, known as the Royal Saloon.

Dated this 2nd day of August, A.D., 1897.

THOMAS GAVIN.

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VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE, VETERINARY SURGEON.

Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. Office at Bray's Livery, 109 Johnson street, Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. Calls promptly attended to day or night. Victoria, B.C.

SCAVENGERS.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with James Bell & Co., Port street, grocers; Cochran & Mann, corner of Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vanvorner street. Telephone, 130.

WANTS.

WANTED—A good girl for general housework. Apply Mrs Drury, 206 Fort street. aug-7-2

WANTED—A lady or gentleman to invest some capital in a bona fide business; mutual interest, also interest on investment. Address X, Times office. aug-7-1

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Two pack horses. Apply at Porter's Butcher Shop or to G. Harrison, South Saanich. aug-1-1

FOR SALE—Two, Dixon hand drills (one perfectly new, never unpacked, the other in good condition); price \$100 each; cost \$150 each. Address Dier, Davidson & Russell, Victoria.

TO LET.

TO LET—Rooms for light housekeeping. Apply 90 Quadra street. aug-7-2

TO LET—The Commercial Hotel, Douglas street, from 1st June. Apply R. Porter & Sons, Douglas street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SPRITUALISM—Geo. P. Colby, the medium from Lake Helen, Florida, U.S.A., has taken parlors at Hotel Brunswick. Office hours, for private readings, 10 to 12 a.m., and 1.30 to 5 p.m. aug-1-1

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS, set in type like this paragraph, cost but one cent per word each insertion, and are received at the Times office each day of publication up to 4 p.m.

A & W. WILSON

PLUMBERS AND GAS FITTERS. Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best quality of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Supplies at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B.C. Telephone call 125

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MONEY TO LOAN

On any approved security. Business strictly confidential.

Private entrance Oriental Alley.

F. Landsberg, Prop.

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UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. HAYWARD

REV. ALEX. GRANT DROWNED

A Popular Winnipeg Clergyman
Loses His Life in the
Nepigon River.

The Accident Causes Profound Grief
—Biographical Sketch of
the Deceased.

Winnipeg, Aug. 6.—Like a bolt from a clear sky came the startling news from the city of Winnipeg last evening that the Rev. Alex. Grant, pastor of the First Baptist church of this city, had been drowned in the river in the afternoon canoeing with Mr. Arch McDougall, also of this city. The sad and unexpected news was a severe shock to the reverend gentleman's friends here, and especially to the members of his congregation. It was hard for them to realize that their beloved pastor, to whom they had bade adieu but a few hours before, as he left on his holiday, had been taken from them. The tragic nature of the sad event added additional pang to the grief which all felt. Mr. Grant left here on Tuesday for Nepegin, where he intended to spend a few days tramping with Mr. McDougall. He arrived at Nepegin station yesterday, and evidently set out with Mr. McDougall for the fishing pools several miles up the river, and in attempting to pass through a rapid the fatal accident occurred. Being subject to lumbago, it is thought Mr. Grant was attacked with cramps on being precipitated into the cold water, and was thus rendered incapable of making an effort to save himself. Mr. Grant was no stranger to the Nepegin, and was accustomed to canoeing, as he visited the river annually to fish, he being an ardent devotee of the piscatorial and hunting, so that the accident did not happen through inexperience. The sad news of the unfortunate occurrence was broken to Mrs. Grant and to the members of the congregation at the prayer meeting last evening. Mrs. Grant was completely prostrated, and many others who were present were so overcome by sorrow that they gave way to tears.

Rev. Alexander Grant was a native of Granton, in the Highlands of Scotland, received his education in that country, graduating from the University of Edinburgh. He was born in 1855, therefore now being 42 years of age, and when just past his majority came to Canada with the other members of the family, settling at Freeport, Ont., and soon after decided on entering the ministry, entering the Woodstock Baptist College with that object in view. His first charge was at Pembroke, and from there he proceeded to open a new church at Kincardine, returning there three or four years ago. In these few years Rev. Mr. Grant had demonstrated exceptional ability and vigor for work, which led to his call to the pastorate of the Talbot street Baptist church, London, Ont., one of the largest and most influential congregations in the Forest City, and his ministry there continued for eight years, and even to-day the name of Rev. A. Grant is as popular in London as in Winnipeg. In 1880 he was appointed superintendent of Baptist missions in Ontario, which office he held till accepting the pastorate in this city, as successor to Rev. A. Cameron in 1889. Rev. Mr. Grant was married in Ontario to Miss Cameron, daughter of Mr. D. Cameron, traveler, now of this city, and leaves a family of seven children to mourn with their mother the loss of husband and father, whose bereavement, however, is shared in sympathy by the whole community. The mother of deceased is still living, and resides with her son, Mr. John Grant, in the north end of the city. The father died here a few years ago.

Rev. Alexander Grant came to Winnipeg in 1889 to supply the pulpit of the First Baptist church, which was then vacant. He preached his first sermon in May of that year. He was subsequently invited to become the pastor of the congregation, and having accepted began his pastorate in September, 1889, and continued uninterruptedly up to the time of his death. Last year Mr. Grant was invited to take charge of the Baptist congregation of Ottawa, with an increase of salary of \$1,800, but declined it, as he was desirous of continuing his services to the Baptist cause in this country. He was an indefatigable worker, and through his efforts congregations were established in the city among Germans and Scandinavians, and he was organizing another congregation among the Icelanders. Last year was the most prosperous in connection with the Baptist church in this city and throughout the whole western country, the increased success being mainly due to Mr. Grant's energetic work. He was revered by the Baptists far and wide and was a man of much influence. He was an eloquent and forcible speaker, both in the pulpit and on the platform. He frequently took part in political controversies, especially on questions affecting social and labor reforms. He also took an active part in the school agitation, throwing his power on the side of national schools, and in support of that movement was the author of a forcible pamphlet, which was published and widely distributed in the early stages of the agitation.

THE EDITOR OF THE "DOMINION DENTAL JOURNAL" AND DEAN OF THE DENTAL COLLEGE, MONTREAL.

Dr. W. George Beer writes: "Dr. Ievers has been fortunate enough to produce a preparation ('Quickcure') which really has no rival in the Materia Medica of dentistry. I have investigated its merits, and find it, without exception, the most useful and convenient preparation for the purpose I have met with. We know very well, too, that chemists sell a lot of preparations which do more harm than good. From personal experience and the unanimous verdict of Dr. Ievers' conferees in Quebec and Montreal, we have no hesitation in recommending the preparation, not only as an invaluable addition to dental therapy, but as a family friend in emergencies, where one cannot at once reach the dentist."

NO HOPE FOR ANDREE

General Greely Believes the Journey to the Pole Will Result in Death.

New York, Aug. 9.—General A. W. Greely, the hero of past Arctic expeditions, has given up hope of ever hearing from Andree, the brave Arctic balloonist.

General Greely was found by a World reporter at his picturesque home among the Blue Ridge mountains near Linden, Va., where he is spending the summer and gaining strength from a recent serious illness and surgical operation. "I have not seen a complete description of what Andree intended to carry with him in the way of provisions, and the means of escape," said he, "but if his balloon is lost his chance of escape is lost. I understand he was to take with him almost all. The chances of a balloon going any long distance in any definite direction depends upon its sustaining itself above the earth at a considerable height. As Andree's idea was not to go higher than 70 feet, he would be moved by surface winds.

"Now, if you take a weather map of the United States at any time, you will see that a balloon would seldom travel in any direction 60 miles. If he started out with southerly winds, the chances are that the wind would change to a westerly one as he approached the pole. "As he started in latitude 81, within about 700 miles of the pole, and as there seems to be little doubt that he could go 300 or 400 miles of that distance north and east, that would leave him, at a great distance from the Siberian coast, that the chances of his escape would be remote.

"If he had his boats and three or four months' provisions we know now, from the experiences of the De Long party and from Nansen's drift in the Fram, that Andree and the boats would drift to the northwest, or west-northwest, which would be a very slow drift. I do not think Nansen's drift averaged much over one mile per day. Andree's chances of escape, with a very small supply of provisions and a much smaller supply of fuel for cooking, would be almost nothing."

A REGIMENT OF MINERS

To Go to Clondyke Headed by a New York Expert.

New York, Aug. 9.—Robert Reding, superintendent of Edwin Gould's Continental Mining Company, and a graduate of the Columbia University and School of Mines, has left for the Clondyke to take charge of a mining expedition to work twenty claims there. The corporation is composed of Pacific coast capitalists. P. J. Lippman, of San Francisco, is president. At Denver Mr. Reding will gather 200 experienced miners. From Denver he will go to Portland, where the Elder, chartered for this purpose, will be waiting for the party. The steamer will take the miners to St. Michaels, and the remainder of the voyage to Dawson City will be made in small boats, if the stream has not been frozen over. If it has sledges will be used.

Japanese Cataract Cure cures Cataract and Cold in the Head. Relief in 10 minutes; absolute cure guaranteed. Price 50 cents. Sold by John Cochrane and Campbell, the druggists.

ELECTRICITY USED ON HORSES.

Pittsburg Dispatch: Electricity has been put to a new and so far successful use, that of conquering a balky or lazy horse. In one case a very high-spirited and valuable animal, but extremely vicious and balky, was cured in one hour with the aid of a three-volt dry battery.

The officials of the Western Pennsylvania Humane Society were notified some time ago that Thomas Rodgers of Avalon was using the dry battery on his horse, which was as bad as a valuable high-spirited horse could be. Sup. Thomas M. Porter investigated the case, and Friday he gave Rodgers a hearing before Justice William Griscom of that place. Rodgers said his horse was worth \$1,000 to him if he could be cured of balking and one or two vicious habits. He had offered \$500 to any one who could manage the animal and at last consulted Dr. T. C. McNeil, the city veterinarian. The doctor advised Rodgers to try electricity and he bought a three-volt storage battery, and by means of three wires connected each side of the bit and the copper with the battery. The horse was hitched to a road cart and at first refused to move, standing with all four feet in a braced position.

Mr. Rodgers then had the wires connected to the battery, which was placed in the cart, and at the first push of the horses the horse jumped, snorted, and then moved off. Each day for a week he went through the same lesson and is now the proudest horse of Avalon and never balks, bites or kicks.

That was the testimony brought out at the hearing and as the veterinary and squire thought three volts was not a sufficient shock to hurt the animal, Rodgers was discharged.

Sup. Porter had a similar case some months ago. He found that one of the rich suburban residents was using the dry battery on a lazy horse in cultivating his summer garden. After several unsuccessful attempts to catch the gardener using the horse he was at last rewarded by catching the gardener weeding the potato patch with the horse hitched to the driver, and after introducing himself and informing the man why he visited him he was shown the contrivance.

Strapped to the backband was a small fluid battery with wires running from it to the martingale and copper. A sponge was fastened to the wire at each place and kept moist by the heat of the horse's body. When the animal got tired it would stop, and by pressing two buttons together the circuit was formed and the horse would move on for several hours.

—Blankets, blankets, blankets. Canadian blankets for Canadian gold fields at Weller Bros., 51 to 55 Fort St.

News of the Mines.

James Russell is carrying around with him, says the Kamloops Sentinel, a bright little gold button, valued at \$1, obtained from a pound of black sand taken from the Tranquille placer claim, which he is working in conjunction with Hewitt, Hootch, M.P. Arrangements are now being made to work this claim on an extensive scale. Machinery will be put in, and Jim Russell is hopeful of taking out at least \$500,000 before the end of the year.

The work of prospecting for coal near Guerrier's ranch, Yale district, continues under the management of Mr. J. Pickering, who has had many years' experience in this line. Mr. Pickering is staking claims at an angle of about 35 degrees with the dip of the measure. A number of small veins of solid, clean coal, including one of ten inches and one twelve inches in thickness, have been cut through, and in less than a week Mr. Pickering will be able to determine whether or not coal in paying quantities exists in that locality. The quality of the coal is excellent, and the claim will be a bonanza if a workable seam is found.

John A. Ferguson, the vice-president of the company operating the Iron Mask, says the Kamloops Sentinel, has negotiated a deal through Mr. W. T. Newman, the manager, which will ensure the permanent working of this group by men of large capital. The final settlement is well under way, the bargain being agreed upon between Mr. Ferguson and Mr. Newman and the new investors, and a short time will see the deal consummated. We are in a position to state the price as \$40,000, and the purchasers as men who stand in the front ranks of mining. This deal will be the largest in the camp to date, and the property is still well bought, a ton of ore per day per man being taken out in the ordinary work of development.

The Silvertown Silvertown.

The Galena mine folks have received a carload of new machinery. Last Friday evening the steamer Socon made a special trip from Kamloops with it, and for several days past the teams from the Galena mine have been hauling the heavy freight up to the site of the new power house. The heaviest articles of the machinery was a drum for the cable, steel axes and water wheel, all from the Riedon Iron Works, of San Francisco. The work of building is going steadily forward, and it will not be a great while before the machinery is put in position and in working order.

Civil Engineer Burnett arrived in Silvertown on Wednesday and started at work surveying the Producer, Jenny, Caledonia and Lily B. These claims adjoin the Currie mine, and were sold last winter to A. B. Van Dorn, Wm. Taylor, J. McEldred, D. Matheson, D. McDonald and T. McEldred to Vancouver parties, who incorporated under the name of Galena Mining Co., Ltd. This property should not be confused with the property of the Galena Mining Co., or Currie mines, which have been familiarly known as the Galena Farm.

Prospecting continues on the Eldorado, and with good returns. The other day a new lead of galena was struck in the bottom of the tunnel that assayed 1374 ounces in silver and 70 per cent in lead. The highest assay made from there went 175 ounces in silver, and on the work done thus far the estimated average of 150 ounces in silver is said by all who know to be a very conservative one. The Eldorado is the property of P. L. Byron, L. F. Holtz and A. S. Williamson.

As the Revelstoke Herald was going to say in its last issue, when the intelligent compositor went and lost the copy, the reason of the suit being brought by Captain Grant against Sandberg, Marshall and Kennedy, whereby the titles of the Waverley, Tangle and other claims, was disputed, was the disappearance of J. P. Kennedy, one of the owners, who bonded the claims. Captain Grant was ready to make the payment of \$50,000, due on July 31st, but could not do so as Kennedy could not be found. As he was ready to carry out his part of the contract, but was unable to do so, the assistance of the courts had to be invoked to protect him. However, the dilemma was solved when Captain Grant reappeared, and Kennedy in Victoria and brought him back with him Friday morning, when the money was duly paid over.

On Saturday last there was great excitement in Windermere over a strike made on Toby creek by B. Morjeau. The claim located by him shows a ledge forty feet in width, and the ore consists of galena and copper. As a result there has been a rush to Toby creek by prospectors from Fort Steele district, and we are informed that there are now seventy-five men at work on Toby creek.

There is an excellent opening for an assayer at Golden.

The M. & M. Company at Quesnelle have shut down, owing to a shortage of water, for the season. The managers do not give out the output for the season. The mine has been worked at a disadvantage, owing to a limited supply of water. The Sydney Gold Mining Company have moved their scows up the river a few miles, and will test their machinery pretty thoroughly before attempting the difficult trip through to Smoky river, where they have a large tract of dredging ground. The dredger now in operation on the Quesnelle river, it is stated, will again try to work the river bed by a suction pump. Reports so far have been encouraging about the results of a sluice used there.

The ground on the part of the Quesnelle where the dredge now is, and if yards of gravel enough can be moved the work should be a success. Reports from the Horseshoe, says the Mining Journal, are most encouraging. Senator Campbell has resumed work sinking, and expects bedrock within the next twenty or thirty feet. His shaft is now down 250 feet. He is in a gravel strata that carries some granite that in the Horseshoe gold mine just overlies the rich strata of gravel on bedrock. It is expected that when this layer is gone through rich gravel will be found. The quartz mill on the Horseshoe Hydraulic Company's ground is crushing from 80 to 90 tons of cemented gravel every 24 hours. It is expected even this large amount will be increased to 100 tons or more after a few weeks. A large amount of ground in various sections of the Horseshoe country is being staked off; and

If the good results from operations now being carried on are realized, there will be a great camp in Horseshoe.

For the five weeks ending July 30th, 3,935 tons of ore were treated by the Halls Mines smelter. This amount yielded 313 tons of matte, containing 144 tons of copper, 81,300 ounces of silver and 84 ounces of gold.

Below will be found the date of departure, teamster and destination of all freight shipped north by Ashcroft forwarding agents:

	Pounds.
July 30—W. Parker, Quesnelle Forks	5,000
July 30—D. McLeod, Golden Cache	10,000
Aug. 2—Ah. Cree, Kettling Creek	12,000
Aug. 2—H. Martin, Lillooet	1,500
Aug. 3—J. Gannan, Clinton	5,800
Aug. 3—J. Jackson, Churn Creek	3,800
Aug. 3—L. Desautel, Golden Cache	10,000
Aug. 3—J. Dickey, Golden Cache	4,400
Aug. 3—H. Cummings, Golden Cache	4,500
Aug. 3—H. Bayson & Co., 108	6,300
Aug. 3—M. Burns, 70	3,500
Aug. 3—A. Martley, Golden Cache	3,700
Aug. 3—H. Cummings, Lillooet	1,500
Aug. 3—J. Douglas, Lillooet	4,500
Total	\$2,905

Three or four working men from around Ashcroft have left for Clondyke. Quite a number will start from this section with pack animals in the early spring for an overland trip to the land of gold.

An Indian living in Nicola leaves Ashcroft for the Bella Coola Swedish settlement on the coast. He will go through a low pass in the coast range with a pack train and a lot of cayuses for the colonists.

There will be an excellent crop of hay in this section, and the reports from the road are to the effect that the hay and grain crops will be good except in some few places where grasshoppers have done some damage.

Word was received from Barkerville on Friday that Pat Howly had suicided there that morning. It appears that he placed a stick of giant powder on the top of his head and ignited it.

Beef cattle on the ranges are now in splendid condition, and if good steaks are not now provided by your butcher it is his fault.

The Ashcroft Water Company is incorporated, and it now looks as though the next few months would see a complete water system and electric light plant in operation and a first-class hotel erected. All are much needed improvements.

Nervous debility is a common complaint, especially among women. The best medical treatment for this disorder is a permanent course of Ayer's Sarsaparilla to cleanse and invigorate the blood. This being accomplished, nature will do the rest.

NOT A MILLIONAIRE.

"See that man walking down the street with a cane, a silk hat and a Prince Albert coat?" asked a gentleman in a Woodward avenue car of a friend who was a stranger in the city.

The friend looked and beheld as fine a specimen of a tailor-made man as could be gotten up. Expecting to hear that he was some Woodward avenue prince he turned back to his city cousin and said:

"No, I don't know him. Who is he?"

"Why, that's the night clerk at the Blank Hotel."

It is always gratifying to receive testimonials for Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and when the endorsement is from a physician it is especially so. "There is no more satisfactory or effective remedy than Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy," writes Dr. R. E. Robey, physician and pharmacist, of Olney, Mo.; and as he has used the Remedy in his own family and sold it in his drug store for six years, he should certainly know. For sale by all druggists. Langley & Henderson Bros., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

ACHES.

ache they would by almost process to those who suffer from this distressing complaint, but fortunately their goodness does not end there, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick headache

is the base of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills, made as dose. They are directly to the liver and do not grip or purge, but by their gentle action they give the liver a new and healthy action. They are sold everywhere, or by mail from CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

We defy the Experts

We have demonstrated, experts admit, and every one is convinced that Genuine White Topaz cannot be detected from real diamonds. White Topaz is the stone you have read so much about. The one that has fooled the pawnbrokers. Place them side by side with genuine diamonds and no one can tell the difference. We have sold thousands of these stones at from one to ten dollars, but in order to introduce them quickly as well as to find out the advertising medium best suited to our business, we make this

GIGANTIC OFFER.

We will send you a beautiful, brilliant, genuine White Topaz, which can be counted in a ring, scarf or necktie pin, stud, cuff buttons, brooch or hair earrings, like any article in this border on receipt of..... These stones are exactly the same as those we have advertised at one dollar.

This Offer for a Few Days Only.

Send in your order and we will send you a White Topaz by return mail; a stone that you can be justly proud of, and one that positively cannot be detected from a real diamond. In ordering, be sure and state whether small, medium or large stone is desired. NO CASH PAID BUT RECEIPT REQUIRED BY THIS ADVERTISEMENT.

GENUINE WHITE TOPAZ

bears no relation to other so-called imitation diamonds so named under what name they are advertised. They are the hardest of semi-precious stones, impossible to detect from real diamonds and warranted to retain their brilliancy. All other pale to insignificant when compared with White Topaz.

OUR GUARANTEE!

We warrant each and every Topaz to retain its brilliancy and the mountings to give perfect satisfaction. We will give you One Thousand dollars if you can show that we have ever refused to replace a White Topaz that was returned as unsatisfactory.

DIAMONDS DUPLICATED IN WHITE TOPAZ.

Royalty and the four hundred who were celebrated and easily deceived by the false stones, brooches, bracelets and jewelry, while they were in public the exact duplicates in White Topaz and no one ever detected the difference.

WHITE TOPAZ ARE GOOD ENOUGH FOR REALITY; ARE THEY GOOD ENOUGH FOR YOU?

THE OPPORTUNITY Don't Miss It.

Send in Twenty-five Cents in coin or stamps and you will be delighted with the White Topaz that you receive.

MONEY REFUNDED IF GOODS ARE NOT SATISFACTORY.

THE DIAMOND PALACE,
AMERICAN EXPRESS BUILDING, CHICAGO, ILLS.

THE EYES OF THE WORLD Are Fixed Upon South American Nerveine.

Beyond Doubt the Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age.

WHEN EVERY OTHER HELPER HAS FAILED IT CURES

A Discovery, Based on Scientific Principles, that Renders Failure Impossible.



In the matter of good health temporary measures, while now very successful for the moment, can never be lasting. Those in poor health soon know whether the remedy they are using is simply a passing incident in their experience, bracing them up for the day, or something that is getting at the seat of the disease and is surely and permanently restoring.

"The eyes of the world are literally fixed on South American Nerveine. They are not viewing it as a nine-days' wonder, but critical and experienced men have been studying this medicine for years with the one result—they have found that it is a permanent cure. The qualities cannot be gainsaid.

The great discoverer of this medicine was possessed of the knowledge that the seat of all disease is the nerve centres, situated at the base of the brain. In this belief he had the best scientists and medical men of the world occupying exactly the same premises. Indeed, the ordinary layman recognized this principle long ago. Everyone knows that loss of disease or injury affect this part of the human system and death is almost certain. To cure the system, which is the medium of these nerve centres, and paralyze is sure to follow. Here is the first principle. The true

ble, with medical treatment usually, and with nearly all medicines, is that they aim simply to treat the symptom that may be relieved. South American Nerveine passes by the organs and immediately applies its curative power to the nerve centres from which the organs of the body receive their supply of nerve fluid. The nerve centres, healed, and of necessity the organs which have shown the outward evidence only of derangement is healed. Indigestion, nervousness, impoverished blood, liver complaint, all owe their origin to a derangement of the nerve centres. Thousands bear testimony that the Nerveine cures at these troubled, even when they have become so desperate as to have the skill of the most eminent physicians, because South American Nerveine has gone to headquarters and cured them.

The eyes of the world have not been disappointed in the inquiry into the success of South American Nerveine. People marvel, it is true, at its wonderful medical qualities, but they know how to ask all questions that it does everything that is claimed for it. It stands alone as the one great certain cure remedy of the nineteenth century. They should anyone suffer from these troubles while this remedy is prominently at their hands?

... FOR SALE BY ...

DEAN & HISCOCKS and HALL & CO



The Daily Times.

SALMON PACK.

The pack of salmon on the Fraser this season will be a record-breaker. It is not a wild guess to predict a pack of one million cases if the phenomenal run of the past two weeks continues for a few weeks longer. But there is nothing certain in salmon fishing, or rather in the duration and extent of the run, and did one possess the scientific knowledge of Professor Price it were still dangerous to predict. But when, thus early in the season, some of the canneries have already secured two-thirds of their contemplated pack, there is very little danger in prophesying that 1897 will witness the largest catch in the history of the Fraser river industry. Curiously enough, the catch on the northern coast promises to be a failure.

THE MAYOR'S PROPOSAL.

The proposal offered by Mayor Redfern to borrow \$100,000 upon the credit of the city for the purpose of making improvements upon the streets requires the most careful consideration. To improve the streets, to beautify the city, to make easy and pleasant pedestrianism, cycling, driving and traffic generally, cannot but meet with general approval. The efforts of the present council in this direction are to be commended. Every street that has been graded, every road that has been made or repaired, every sewer laid, every sidewalk placed upon a street, is so much distinct gain to the appearance of the city, and also to the comfort and convenience of every citizen. And there has been a marked gain in this respect during the last three years. Doubtless while the large sums borrowed for sewage and surface drains were being expended the streets along which the sewers were laid were and have been in a very poor condition. But now that the central part of the city has been practically sewered, the streets are and have been gradually improving. It is to accelerate the good work that Mayor Redfern proposes the borrowing of \$100,000.

There are certain objections that ought fairly to be stated. The first is of a financial character. Ought the citizens to add to the present debt of the city even for such a desirable object as that of street improvement? The present loan indebtedness of the city amounted on January 1st to \$1,818,956.92, from which may be deducted about \$250,000, which was the amount of sinking fund at that date on deposit at the Bank of B.N.A. The amount required this year to pay interest and to provide for sinking fund is \$137,026. The taxes derivable from real estate, including special rates and arrears, will amount to \$220,000. It will be seen, therefore, that the amount available for the other purposes of the city, education, sanitation, police and fire protection, water and city institutions, must practically be obtained from other sources, and that the large amount of taxes payable by real estate owners is already mortgaged for debts. To what extent should a city mortgage its future?

Then, the fact that such a large amount is expended for interest alone should make any thoughtful citizen pause. This year \$98,632 is paid for that item alone, whilst \$26,893 is only necessary for sinking funds. The non-productive item of interest is appalling. The amount necessary for interest and sinking fund for Mayor Redfern's proposal is about \$8,000 per year. If this additional amount can be spared for this purpose for street purposes during the next twenty years, would it not be advisable to set aside this amount yearly and not borrow any money? An additional \$8,000 per year, carefully expended, would accomplish a great deal in the direction sought by the mayor. Further, should money be borrowed for macadamizing streets? If a permanent charge is placed upon the credit of the city, it appears to us that the improvements should be permanent. The suggestion is made that the money be borrowed for twenty years. Will the macadam last for twenty years? Would it

not be better to use asphalt, granite or wood paving, so as to ensure that the improvement shall be fairly durable?

Is it not also true that some of the streets proposed to be benefited are not as yet fully provided with sewers, surface drains, water service and gas pipes? If the streets are macadamized, is it not probable that before many years are past these streets may be torn up again to provide these very necessary improvements?

The Times is in hearty sympathy with every attempt made to improve the streets of the city, and would be pleased to have some assurance that the objections formulated—and which have been thus freely stated to invite discussion—are groundless. Until then we reserve judgment upon the proposition of his worship, at the same time fully conceding that it has been made with a sincere desire to serve the best interests of the city. There will not be two opinions about the urgent necessity for street improvements; it is the method to be adopted in paying therefor and the character of the improvements about which we may not all agree.

GIVE THEM TIME.

The News-Advertiser has found, after diligent search, a real grievance against the Dominion government. Rt. Hon. Mr. Reid, premier of New South Wales, stated in an interview with a News-Advertiser reporter that the delay in the negotiations in respect to the Pacific cable was due to Canada, which showed an apathy that to him was quite unaccountable. To a Winnipeg reporter Mr. Reid also said that there was less interest in Great Britain in the project than he had expected to find.

Mr. Reid very probably stated the case fairly from his standpoint, and upon his statement the News-Advertiser feels called upon, after a laborious argument, to declare "that the people of British Columbia must assert themselves and make the authorities at Ottawa understand that our commercial interests require immediate action."

The "authorities at Ottawa" may be depended upon, we beg to assure our contemporary, to grapple with and dispose of the cable question in a manner satisfactory to the country. During its short term of office there have been many pressing questions to solve—enterprises of immediate concern to our people—and most of them have already been disposed of. The cable question is important, but it is not as important from a local point of view as the Crow's Nest Pass railway or the development of our immense mining regions, which will tax to their utmost the financial resources of the country. The government has confounded its enemies by the liberality of its policy in aiding enterprises for the general public good—such as the deepening of the canals, the fast Atlantic service, the Crow's Nest Pass railway and the extension of the Intercolonial—and it will be equal to the task of arranging with the colonies interested and the home government—terms on which the Pacific cable will be laid. If our contemporary will only have patience, every scheme that the late government advocated that is worthy of support—and the Pacific cable scheme is one of them—will be carried out successfully and in a manner more advantageous to Canada than would have been the case had the Conservatives remained in power. Evidence of the truth of this statement is furnished in the Crow's Nest deal with the C.P.R. and the fast Atlantic service. The Laurier government first makes sure that it is right and then goes ahead—a reversal of the policy of the late government, which in nearly all its great undertakings plunged in without seeing the end, and found out when it was too late that it had blundered.

IGNORANT OR MALICIOUS.

"Merchants of Victoria, B. C., hope to be able to attract some of the trade of the outgoing Clondykes on the theory that purchases of goods made in that town will be free of duty on the Canadian frontier. It is not very likely that people will go out of their way to buy goods at a wayside port, involving loss of time; but if they should be attracted that way, it is not clear how such goods will get through the United States customs houses on the way free of duty. It would be rather expensive to pay two sets of duty on an outfit—one at Juneau or Dyea and another on the Northwest Territory frontier. Possibly the goods might go through free of duty if their pedigree could be proved and an efficient guaranty given that they are intended for and will be used only on Canadian soil; but such a guaranty would be difficult and expensive. It is not clear how in the absence of such responsible assurance the United States customs authorities could allow an outfit bought in British Columbia to enter United States territory free of duty. People who have plenty of time and stop-over tickets may be willing to take such a route, but through on this plan if they are able on each successive frontier to prove the pedigree of their outfits and give bail to guarantee that they are not smugglers."

This is from the San Francisco Examiner, which paper must be wonderful ignorant or very eager to deceive its readers. On either theory its statement places it in a bad light. After all that has been said on the subject, one can hardly suppose that the Examiner has not heard of the regulations made at Washington for the passing of Canadian goods from Dyea or Skagway to the Canadian frontier in bond. If it is so ignorant of the fact is a strong reflection on a paper of such pretensions; if its statements were made for the purpose of deception its tactics must be classed as disgraceful in the last degree.

Texada City TOWNSITE.

The Lots in Blocks numbered 2, 3, 6, 7, 12 and 13 will be sold as follows: Corner Lots at \$150 each; Inside Lots at \$100.

Lots in Blocks numbered 1, 4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 14 will be sold for \$100 each for corner lots and \$75 each for inside lots.

Terms will be one-third cash, balance payable in three and six months, with interest at 6 per cent. per annum.

The property is held under Crown grant, and title is warranted.

The vendor has contracted for the erection of a fine hotel, containing 26 rooms, at an expenditure of \$5,000, and to stimulate the quick building of Texada City, will give the hotel and grounds upon which it stands (half an acre) as a prize to be drawn for among the first 300 paid-up purchasers of lots (each lot being entitled to one draw). The following well-known business men of Vancouver will superintend the drawing for the lot-holders: J. C. Keith, Esq., director of the Union Steamship Co., Vancouver; G. W. De Beck, Esq., director of Golden Cache Mines; J. H. Seymour, Esq., wholesale and retail druggist, Vancouver.

The drawing will take place in Vancouver as soon as possible after the lots are sold, and the time and place of drawing will be advertised in the daily papers of Victoria, Vancouver, New Westminster and Nanaimo.

Parties contemplating investing in Texada City property are advised to make early application for lots, so as to take advantage of the drawing for the hotel, which is limited to the first 300 paid-up purchasers only. For further particulars apply to the following agents:

PLAN OF SALE

A. ALLAYNE JONES

General Agent, 612 Hastings Street, Vancouver.

VICTORIA AGENTS:

LEE & FRASER, 11 Troughton Alley.
HEAUMONT BOGGS & CO., 28 Broad St.
A. W. MORE & CO., 86 Government St.

VANCOUVER AGENTS:

C. S. DOUGLAS, 139 Cordova Street.
D. F. DOUGLAS, Masonic Block.
P. W. CHARLESON, 437 Hastings St.

"What's in a name?" The Silverton Silvertonian is the name of the latest addition to newspaperdom in British Columbia. It is, like most of the newspapers in our mining districts, bright and crisp, with the ring of the genuine metal about it.

Communications on Sunday band concerts, as on any other question of public interest, are welcomed at the Times office, but they must have some point or argument in them. Mere skits, containing nothing but invidious personal comments, would serve no good purpose if published.

The foreman of the Kootenay Electric Company, of Kaslo, was "absolutely prevented from repairing an armature in Spokane under plea of the alien labor law." The nationality of the foreman is not stated, but he may have been an American. Perhaps some political economist of the ultra-protectionist school will explain which party got the worst of it—the country that refused the work or the country that was taught a lesson in self-reliance. There is no doubt whatever of the ultimate effect upon Canada of the United States alien law.

The editor of the New Denver Ledger interviewed the chief commissioner of lands and works during the latter's visit to Slooin lake, on several matters of great public interest. Mr. Martin's most important utterance is thus reported:

"The mention of Nelson led to a timid question as to what the honorable gentleman is alleged to have said about the people of that port, Mayor Houston having excited him with declaring that they could be used for all he cared."

"That is an absolute farce," declared Mr. Martin. "Mayor Houston can say what he likes, but I never said anything of the kind. I never use such language."

The New Westminster Columbian is heartily in sympathy with the principle underlying the Dominion mining regulations. It says:

"The more one considers the regulations announced by the Dominion government for the regulation of mining in the Yukon region, the more one sees how important a step has been taken in promulgating them. We do not concern ourselves with the criticism of details which we have seen in various papers. Probably no one knows better than the authors of the regulations that they will probably require amendment and modification. It was manifestly just that if the principle underlying these regulations were to be carried out, the earliest possible notice of that intention should be given. Men who go to the Clondyke cannot complain that they did not know what to expect in the important matter of the tenure on which their claims could be held. The announcement having been made, they go with their eyes open. But it would be contrary to all experience to suppose that men dealing with conditions new to them, will be found to work with absolute smoothness when put to the test. That, however, is a matter of mere detail, which does not affect the principle. The principle is that men who get substantial advantages from the commonwealth in the way of a monopoly for the time being of any part of those natural resources of the country, which are the common heritage of the whole people, shall pay to the people, represented by the government, a substantial quid pro quo. We are not troubling ourselves as to the form by which the application of this principle may be described. Men may call it 'nationalization' of resources, or what they please; the important thing is that it establishes a principle, the justice of which cannot be denied, and the expediency of which will be, we are confident, abundantly demonstrated by results."

THE COMMERCIAL OUTLOOK.

With prospects for the crops promising the most abundant yield of grain Canada has ever experienced, the expenditure of vast sums of money on various public works and extensive mining operations, there is not much to cause discouragement in the general situation. Manufacturers are busy in the large cities, some of them being obliged to work their factories day and night; retailers are busy getting in new stocks for the impetus trade will receive after the harvest, the wholesalers are preparing for more than the usual demand. Mining operations in the west are daily becoming more active; the railways are carrying more freight and passengers than at any time in the past four years, necessitating large additions to rolling stock to handle the traffic; and the farmer, the king-pin of the whole machine, the backbone in the whole fabric, is busy in the harvest field with the best crops the Lord of the harvest ever blessed this fair Dominion with. Money is going out of the banks in connection with harvest operations, exports of cattle, dairy produce, and grain and lumber are larger; our foreign balances are daily enlarging, failures at home are decreasing, and everything seems to be contributing to bring to Canada a larger measure of prosperity than she has ever experienced. The improvement will not come at once. We are now in the dull months of the summer; the revival of trade will be a healthy one, and it will be gradual. There will be no boom. With the marketing of the crops the activity will begin. There is no political factor in the situation working for depression, the situation is an essentially sound one, the country is getting all it needed—a fair chance, and business, unshackled by uncertainties, will go ahead by leaps and bounds.—Toronto Economist.

To be free from sick headaches, biliousness, constipation, etc., use Carter's Little Liver Pills. Strictly vegetable. They gently stimulate the liver and free the stomach from bile.

REDUCED RATES TO THE EAST.

From July 12th to July 17th inclusive, also on Mondays and Thursdays thereafter up to and including August 31st, the Northern Pacific Railway will sell tickets at greatly reduced rates to all principal ports in the East and Europe. For rates and all information call on E. F. Blackwood, agent Northern Pacific Railway Company.

WE BELIEVE

there is no better soap made than our

Baby's Own Soap

care and skill in making and the best materials are the reason

THE PROOF—its immense sales.

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Ltd., Montreal.

A Remarkable Cure of Chronic Diarrhoea.

In 1902, when I served my country as a private in Company A, 167th Pennsylvania Volunteers, I contracted chronic diarrhoea. It has given me a great deal of trouble ever since. I have tried a dozen different medicines and several prominent doctors without any permanent relief. Not long ago a friend sent me a sample bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and after that I bought and took a 50 cent bottle; and now I can say I am entirely cured. I cannot be thankful enough to you for this great remedy, and recommend it to all suffering veterans. If in doubt write me. Yours gratefully, Henry Steinberger, Allentown, Pa. Sold by all druggists, Langley & Henderson Bros., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

J. PIERCY & CO.

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING MANUFACTURERS.

Miners' Outfits

A SPECIALTY. VICTORIA, B.C.

For Sale, Farm at Cowichan, 100 acres, house and three sheds, five acres cleared; a great bargain, for \$350 cash.

A. W. MORE & CO., 86 Government street.

Mining Shares for Sale In all the principal mines in B. C., at lowest market quotations.

A. W. MORE & CO., Mining Brokers, 86 Government street.

Farm for Sale, 207 Acres, near Cowichan Station, 40 acres under cultivation; 9-roomed house and good farm buildings. Price, \$6,000.

A. W. MORE & CO., 86 Government street.

THE GLOBE RESTAURANT

ROSE HASKINS, PROPRIETRESS. Entirely re-fitted and new management. Best 25c. Meals in the city. All white labor. 42 YATES STREET.

Woolham and Egin Watches, in strong cases, from \$5

S. A. STODDART, The New Watchmaker and Jeweller, 42 YATES STREET.

Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c. New Main Spring, 75c. Balance and Pallet Shaft, \$1.25. Guarantee all work for 12 months. Practical experience of over 25 years.

FOR SALE. On Pender Island 3,181 acres of mixed farm, fruit and pasture land, some cleared, with coal and mineral rights at \$25 per acre. Title, Crown Grants.

The Island abounds with game, the bays with fish. For further particulars see Directory, Apply H. J. ROBERTSON, Balmoral Hotel.

NOTICE. Notice is hereby given that we intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the city of Victoria at its next session for a transfer of the license issued to Mr. Padden upon the premises known as the Hall Saloon, situated at Port street, in the city of Victoria, to Wm. Cowling.

JAMES D. ROBINSON, GEORGE J. JACQUES, Executors Estate C. Padden.

AUCTION SALES.

ONLY CORNER AUCTION ROOM.

WILLIAM JONES

General Auctioneer and Commission Agent. 133 GOVERNMENT ST., COR. PANDORA.

FURNITURE, FARM STOCK AND REAL ESTATE AUCTIONEER.

All goods sent for absolute sale will receive prompt and personal attention. Commissions solicited. Money to loan on real estate. Furniture bought for cash to any amount. W. JONES, Auctioneer.

P. J. DAVIES, AUCTIONEER, APPRAISER, COMMISSION MERCHANT.

81 Johnson St., Victoria.

KLONDIKE.

THE FINE STEEL STEAMSHIP

BRISTOL

3,000 TONS CAPACITY

WILL SAIL FROM VICTORIA FOR

DYEA

DIRECT, ON AUGUST 10th.

Spacious, passenger accommodations. Ample room for live stock and freight. Reasonable rates. Apply to

F. C. Davidge & Co.

BOARD OF TRADE BUILDING, CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO., Ltd.

CLONDYKE

GOLD FIELDS.

SS. ISLANDER

will sail from Victoria for DYEA, ALASKA at 8 p.m. on August 15th.

For freight and passenger rates apply companies office, Wharf St. JNO. IRVING, Manager.

NOTICE

Public Meeting.

A public meeting will be held in the Council Chamber, City Hall, on Wednesday next, the 11th inst., at 8 p.m., to take into consideration the recent Order-in-Council of the Dominion Government respecting royalties on minerals and the reservation of mineral claims in the Yukon District. The chair will be taken at 8 o'clock. CHAS. E. REDFERN, Mayor.

Victoria, B.C., Aug. 7th, 1897. smt-td

South Victoria Liberals Rally!

A meeting of the South Victoria District LIBERAL ASSOCIATION will be held at

COLQUHOUN HALL, CAREY ROAD, Saturday Evening, Aug. 14, at 7:30 sharp

All persons—voters in South Victoria—wishing to join the Association are respectfully invited to be present.

Election of officers and other important business.

NOTICE. Is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the city of Victoria at its next session for a transfer of the license issued to A. Bechtel, upon the premises known as the California Hotel, situated on Johnson street, in the city of Victoria, to Walter Martin.

A. BECHTEL, 7th August, 1897.

Medicine Chests

containing drugs, carefully packed and suitable for

MINERS AND PROSPECTORS.

Also goggles and smoked glasses for SNOW-BLINDNESS.

BOWES & CO.,

Druggists, &c., 100 Government St., Victoria.

LOCAL NEWS.

Cleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

A meeting of the Natural History Society is to be held this evening.

A large assortment of English Rockingham tea pots at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, 80 Douglas street.

15 cent tea kettles, 15 cent dish pans and other cheap tinware at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, 80 Douglas street.

The Woodmen of the World will hold their annual church parade on Sunday next, attending Calvary Baptist church in the morning.

The investigation into the charges laid against Mr. Collier, inspector of bulls, has been adjourned until the end of the week, several of the witnesses being unable to be present this morning.

It is reported that Cramp Bros., the big Pennsylvania ship builders, are to build two 2000-ton steamers for the North American Transportation & Trading Company, of Seattle and Chicago, for the Seattle-St. Michaels run.

The "Badminton," late Mayor House, Vancouver, under management of H. R. Stratton.

On Saturday evening the Board of Union of the I. O. O. F. elected officers as follows: James Pottinger, president; F. Davey, secretary; W. Walker, treasurer; J. York, J. H. Meldrum, R. A. Anderson, trustees; R. Borthwick, R. L. Allen and W. Falconer, auditors. Regular meetings of the board will be held on the second Saturdays in March, June, September and December.

Victoria was yesterday honored with a short visit from two of the Australian premiers, Rt. Hon. G. H. Reid, premier of New South Wales, and Rt. Hon. C. C. Kingston, premier of South Australia, who attended the jubilee celebration and afterwards the colonial conferences in London. They are on their way home on the Mowera, which sailed from here yesterday.

An hose and chemical company spent an hour in Ross Bay cemetery last night extinguishing a fire caused through the carelessness of Chinese, who had been holding service for the dead at the altar erected for that purpose. They left some of their fire burning, which, being fanned by the wind, spread to the dry grass. A considerable portion of the southern end of the cemetery was burned over, in some cases flowers on the graves being destroyed.

The last of the 25,000 Christian Endeavorers who visited San Francisco for the big convention are now on their way east, to-day being the last day on which the low rate tickets were good. A party of 140 spent Saturday in Victoria, arriving on the Kingston in the morning and leaving for the mainland by the Rithet last evening. Judging by the number who have passed through here, the C. P. R. secured a large share of the extra east bound traffic caused by the convention.

At 2:20 this morning the residence occupied by John Wendt, Robert street, Victoria West, caught fire from the explosion of a lamp. The occupant has been very ill for some time, and was sleeping when the lamp, which was in an adjoining room, exploded. He was awakened by a choking sensation, and discovered the fire before it gained much headway. The Victoria West Volunteer Hose Company responded to the alarm; but Mrs. Wendt, assisted by a lady residing in an adjoining residence, extinguished the fire. The loss will not exceed twenty-five dollars, and is covered by insurance.

From a letter received by Lee Mong Kow, of the customs house, from the private secretary of Chong Yuen Hon or Chong, as he is known to the Chinese, who do not use the last two names, it being against the custom of their country so to do it is learned that Chong will be a passenger homeward on the R. M. S. Empress of Japan, which is due from the Orient to-morrow. Chong, who, as it will be remembered, was the special ambassador of the Emperor of China to the celebration of the diamond jubilee of Her Majesty in London, England, has been travelling through Europe, visiting the capital cities of the various countries. He has been decorated by several of the rulers of the different countries which he has been visiting. Chong will not visit Victoria, save as a passenger on the Empress, as he will

Awarded

Highest Honors—World's Fair, DR.

PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant. 30 YEARS THE STANDARD.

not arrive at Vancouver until the 22nd inst., the day previous to the sailing of the steamer.

The funeral of the late William Cowling took place yesterday from the Masonic Temple.

During last week the water supply in the lakes at Beacon Hill fell two feet. They are being refilled from the water main.

One of the swans has left the park. When last seen it was making for Oak Bay. Aid. Hall requests that the fender return it to the park keeper.

Main's circus, which recently visited this city, was in a train wreck at Yreka, Cal., last week. Considerable damage was done to the cages.

In ordering wood give us a trial. Our wood is all cut from large trees, and thoroughly dry, therefore it must be the best that money can buy. Sold in any length. Spratt & Macaulay.

Mr. A. H. Scaife, editor of the Province, is "sporting" several ugly scars on his face, the result of an encounter with a barbed wire fence which he collided with while enjoying a run on his bicycle.

There was an exciting runaway in James Bay district yesterday. The horse, belonging to a livery stable, took a tour of the parliament building grounds and succeeded in making matchwood of the carriage.

News has been received of the death of Lloyd Fisher, a brother of Mrs. C. E. Pooley, of this city. The deceased, who was a native of Esquimalt, left here 20 years ago for Prescott, Arizona, where he resided until the time of his death. He was at one time mayor of Prescott. A brother, J. B. Fisher, is a resident of New Westminster.

The auction sale at the stores of Marvin & Tilton, which was postponed a few weeks ago, as the general public were too deeply engrossed in matters concerning the Clondyke to attend sales, will begin to-morrow morning at 10:30 o'clock, when Mr. George Byrnes will auction off the stock in trade of that store, consisting of ship's chandlery, agricultural implements, etc.

There will be a great day at the Caledonia grounds next Saturday, when the Pioneers, the first lacrosse team organized in British Columbia, will play the Capitals. The receipts from the gates are to be devoted to the Protestant Orphans' Home. The Caledonia Society have very generously placed the grounds at the disposal of the clubs, and the Fifth Regiment band have, through Mr. Finn, guaranteed to disburse select music for the occasion free of charge. The admission will be only 25 cents.

Again this afternoon the fire department was called out for a grass fire, this time on Dallas road, some picnickers having allowed their camp fire to spread. On the way to the fire an express wagon, which some of the men engaged to take them out, came to grief, the axle breaking. The firemen were piled in a heap on James Bay bridge, where the accident occurred. Callman George Leitchman was bruised about the legs and arms, but all the others escaped uninjured. Chief Deasy requests that when possible alarms for grass fires be sent in by telephone, as very often it is not necessary to call out the whole department. If an alarm is sent in from a box the whole department turns out.

At the Driad to-day there is a distinguished party of travelers, headed by Edwin W. Winter, president of the Northern Pacific Railway Company. He is accompanied by his son, Wallace C. Winter, and Mr. Edward A. Adams, of New York, chairman of the board of directors of the Northern Pacific; Mrs. Adams, Miss Adams and maid, Mr. Ernest K. Adams, Miss Chyppre, Mr. George F. Baker, president of the First National Bank of New York; Mrs. Baker, daughter and maid, and George F. Adams, Jr. The members of the party spent yesterday and to-day seeing the sights of the city, and will go to Vancouver in the morning to continue their tour of the coast.

There was quite a lively time at Dr. A. E. Verrinder's residence, Rockland Avenue, on Saturday evening, according to a story told by a Chinese servant. The doctor and his family were out of the city. According to the Chinaman a six-foot man came to the house early in the evening and asked for something to eat. The Chinaman said he had nothing to give, the family being out of town. The man went away. Late at night John was awakened by a noise upstairs, and with lamp in hand started out to investigate. He had only taken a few steps when the lamp was knocked out of his hand, and he received a blow between the eyes. When he recovered consciousness the house had been ransacked, the pantry depleted and everything turned out of the drawers. Strange to say, when the doctor returned home this morning he found that nothing was missing and that a second Chinaman, who sleeps in the stable, heard nothing of the row.

The following are the Victoria passengers per steamer Umattila, which sailed this morning from San Francisco: Miss N. Doherty, Mrs. Leigh, Mrs. Simpson, G. V. Ogle, Mrs. C. Hutehinson, R. Bowers, Chas. Dalzell, Miss A. Armistage, Miss M. Gifford, Miss G. B. Allen, Miss Davie, Miss M. Davies, R. Gallet, Mrs. H. H. Boettger, A. R. Tuffe, A. McGee, J. L. Greenstein and wife, Mrs. D. J. Deane, Mrs. J. P. Potter, Mrs. E. C. Long, Miss E. F. Patterson, Miss C. M. Clare, E. F. Kahler, Miss M. Coffin, Miss O. L. Darby, Elsie Petersen, Thos. Ladner, Mrs. Ladner, W. Evans, Mrs. E. Dougherty and three children, Miss Clark, Miss B. Farrell, Mrs. A. K. Baird, Mrs. J. Shaw, Miss Dickerson, Miss Laker, Miss E. A. Davis, Mrs. Herriman and two children, Mrs. Perry, Miss M. Owens, Miss B. Shiel, J. Gupton, E. Gilgenkrantz, J. Foley, Geo. Keith, O. A. Holmgren, W. H. Bailey, J. Spaulding, Geo. Wambach, P. R. Schmidt, N. Rowe, R. Roberts, R. Gallet, C. East, T. Mankett, J. P. Simonds and A. McCleod.

HOTEL DALLAS Seaside Hotel—10 minutes by electric cars from post office. Strictly first-class. Porting and baggage-man at every steamer and train. Wm. Jensen, proprietor.

Clondyke Medicine Chests

Containing everything necessary, in compact form at a reasonable price.

SEE OUR CLONDYKE WINDOW

John Cochran, CHEMIST, N.W. Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

DAY'S SHIPPING NEWS

The Steamer Bristol Will Not Sail North Until Wednesday Evening.

Tugs Returning from the Canneries—Other Happenings of Interest to Mariners.

To judge by the way in which the office of Messrs. P. C. Davidge & Co., the charterers of the steamer Bristol, has been crowded all day with excited, enquiring sub-seekers, the Clondyke gold fever is still raging very severely. From the hour the office was opened this morning they have crowded their way to the counter, and Mr. Davidge and his assistants have been busy answering the many different questions that the miners are asking. The Bristol is now lying at the outer wharf, having come around about noon from Esquimalt, where she had been put in shipshape order for the trip, and this afternoon she was measured, in order to see how many horses can be crowded into her, for more horses are offering than she can carry. She will also, notwithstanding the fact that she is such an enormous carrier, have a full cargo of freight, provisions and outfit making up the greater part of it. Bunks have been built for passengers, but they have not been reserved, and it will be a case of first come first served. Many of the passengers hurried out this afternoon and labelled some of the bunks, recording their name on the posts as a location mark. Encouraging reports are coming in daily from the agents in each of the eastern cities, and it is safe to say that between seven and eight hundred passengers will sail from this port when the Bristol leaves. A number of miners came over on the City of Kingston yesterday morning with their outfits, and to-morrow morning a large contingent will arrive with a vast amount of freight. As the Kingston will not be able to handle all the freight coming from the Sound on the one trip, the sailing date of the Bristol has been postponed until a day later than her advertised time, and she will not leave the outer wharf until Wednesday evening. She goes to Skagway Bay, that port being a better one at which to land her heavy freight, as there is a wharf there, whereas at Dyra the freight would have to be taken ashore in the ship's boats.

The tug Sadie returned from the Skeena yesterday morning, where she has been for many weeks acting as tender for the Standard Cannery Co. Capt. Barry brings news of a mishap to the tug Muriel, which was acting as the tender of the Lowe Inlet Cannery Co. On the 2nd inst. that steamer had the misfortune to break her crankshaft, and she is now tied up and the tug Chieftain is acting in her place. The broken shaft will be sent down to this city for repairs on the steamer Danube, or the Louise should that steamer be returning ere the Danube arrives on her way down from Dyra. When the Sadie left the Skeena all the canneries saving Cunningham's and the Inverness had stopped fishing and the fishermen are now making their way homeward. The total pack on the Skeena is 71,000, made up as follows: Northern Pacific Cannery Co., 7,500; Inverness, 9,000; Aberdeen, 8,000; Balmoral, 6,000; A. B. C., 7,500; Kuna Packing Co., 7,500; Carlisle Cannery Co., 6,200; Claxton, 6,000; Standard, 6,000; Lowe Inlet, 8,000.

Nothing has been done so far in the case of the marine law breaker whose nameless and unlicensed sloop was seized by the collector of customs on Friday last, the case being left until the return of Capt. George Roberts from the north. Capt. Roberts, who is now in command of the Rosalie bound for Dyra, will, it is understood, proceed against this man together with another man who is now on the schooner Gabriola, on the charge of looting the steamer Willapa as she lay a wreck on the reef where she struck on May 25th last. Collector of Customs Milne this morning received a telegram from the man on the Gabriola which goes to show that he is not afraid to face the music, the telegram stating that he is now on his way with the Gabriola to Victoria.

The tug Manie returned on Saturday from Rivers Inlet, where she has been acting as a tender for the canneries at the inlet. She is now lying at Spratt's wharf, but she is going on the way to-morrow to have her hull repaired, it having been damaged rather badly on the bottom while she was at north end.

The steamer Willapa moved down to the C.P.N. wharf this afternoon and took on coal and water, and made other preparations for her first trip to the west coast to-morrow evening. Mr. Collier, inspector of bulls, and Mr. J. A. Thomson, inspector of boilers, inspected her this morning, and both were thoroughly satisfied. Captain Foot, who is in command, takes with him Captain

Serge Suits....

We try to please you. We want to gain your confidence. We want your trade. It pays us to represent our clothing exactly as it is. All we ask is a fair comparison of our goods and prices. You'll not be urged to buy—you know best yourself about that. But if you buy and would rather have your money back, you may have it without a single question. Serge suits \$5 to \$11. Blue or Black, single or double breasted, well made and well lined.

Cameron,

The Cash Clothier, 55 Johnson Street.

Gould, a well known sealing captain, as mate, and a crew numbering ten men.

One of the latest victims of the gold fever is Captain Gatter, the pilot of the Northern Pacific Steamship Company. According to the Tacoma News he has engaged a large force of workmen to fit out the lark Shirley, lately christened the Clondyke, now lying in Quarter-master harbor. She will in a short time be put into ship shape for her north trip.

The collier Progress will not make her proposed trip to St. Michaels. She has been chartered by the Pacific Coast Steamship Company to relieve the crush of freight now being offered for Puget Sound ports. The Progress is now loading freight at San Francisco for Puget Sound.

The steamer Mowera arrived from Vancouver at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon, and after taking on Victoria freight and passengers started on her trip to the Antipodes.

PACIFIC CABLE SURVEY. Admiralty Survey Ship Algeria on Her Way to This Station.

H.M.S. Algeria, one of the survey ships of H. M. Navy, will arrive here within a few months. It is presumed that she will take part in the survey for the Pacific cable. Late advices from Honolulu are to the effect that H.M.S. Penguin had completed the survey from Australia to Honolulu and it is likely that the Algeria will make the survey from here to Honolulu.

It is also said that the admiralty are about to make a survey of Clayoquot Sound and issue a new chart of that harbor. The information derived from that survey will be of benefit in determining the landing place for the cable.

FULL COURT.

Some time ago James Bain was sentenced by Magistrate Russell to two years in the common jail. Under section 955 of the code all prisoners sentenced to two years and over should go to the penitentiary, and the crown applied to the full court to-day to amend the sentence by substituting the penitentiary for the common jail. The order was made as asked and James Bain will now be legally held.

The cross appeal in Nelson & Fort Sheppard Ry. Co. v. Parker will be heard on Wednesday.

By next spring, before the big rush to the Yukon mines re-commences, the all-Canadian route will be thoroughly opened, and many of the present difficulties of the prospective miners will have been overcome. On the steamer Queen, which left for the north on Saturday evening, was Mr. J. C. Colwell, who has instructions from the government to improve the trail. Another passenger was Mr. A. E. Mills, who goes up to erect a mill on Teelin lake for Mr. P. M. Yorke. It is said that Mr. Yorke will also build a steamer to run on Teelin lake.

A meeting of the Ministerial Association was held this afternoon in the parlors of the Y.M.C.A. to consider the advisability of applying for an injunction to restrain the city from allowing the band to play on Sunday afternoons at Beacon Hill Park. Owing to the small attendance, several of the ministers being unable to be present, the matter was left over for consideration at a special meeting to be held during next week. The special committee, consisting of Revs. Dr. Campbell, J. C. Spier and J. P. Hicks, will work up the case of the Ministerial Association in the interim.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy always affords prompt relief. For sale by all druggists, Langley & Henderson Bros., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

SCHLITZ. The best beer that made Milwaukee famous, on draught at the Bank Exchange at 5c. per glass.

The Hon. Winston Churchill, eldest son of the late Lord Randolph Churchill, will stand for parliament in the Conservative interest at the next opportunity. Lord Randolph's youngest son, John Henry Churchill, now 17 years of age, will study for the bar.

You will not have to pay duty on goods purchased from Weller Bros., Victoria, B. C.

Good strong duck for tents, canvas for stretchers, etc., at Weller Bros.

WOOD...

Consult us for your supply of Wood and Coal. Our Wood is thoroughly seasoned and cut from large timber. Delivered in any length.

Spratt & Macaulay.

KLONDYKE NUGGETS

MINERS' AND PROSPECTORS' BOOTS.
GUM BOOTS—SNAG PROOF.

MOCCASINS JUST IN

In all lines of Footwear for the Far North, we lead.

A. B. ERSKINE

CORNER OF GOVERNMENT AND JOHNSON STREETS.

You Can't Do Better

If you are in need of a New Suit, an Overcoat, a Pair of Trousers—or anything in the Merchant Tailoring line—you can't do better than see us. We carry a large, well-selected stock of the most fashionable fabrics for gentlemen's wear, and our prices are satisfactory to our clients.

A. Gregg & Son,

Tailors. Yates St.

SEAGRAM'S WHISKEY

THE SOLE AGENTS ARE

R. P. RITHET & CO., Ltd., Wharf St.

SALMON TROLLING

Has begun off the San Pedro.

PROCURE YOUR Spoons and Lines

78 GOVERNMENT STREET. FOX'S

Clondyke Diggings.

PROTECT YOUR EYES.

Wake Up, Victoria, Wake Up!

Don't sit down and wait for trade, but push for it. Don't forget that the trade of this vast district is now in your hands, if you work for it. You want advertising here to secure the trade of the many thousands going into Clondyke. And you want advertising at the diggings to retain their trade when they get there. We will enlighten you as to the best means of attaining this end, if you call on us at our new premises, cor. GOVERNMENT AND YATES STREETS.

GREENWOOD, SMITH & RANDOLPH,
Printers, Bookbinders and Manufacturers Stationers.

NOTICE

Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital

VICTORIA, B.C.

Applications will be received by the undersigned up to 1st September, 1897, for the position of resident medical officer, salary \$1,200 per annum, with board and lodging. Applicants to state (1) age, (2) whether married and number of family if any, or single, and to forward testimonials. July 30th, 1897. J. S. YATES, Acting Secretary.

Result of Crush of 1 1/2 Tons Rock

THE VICTORIA-TEXADA MINING CO., Ltd.

Free Gold.....\$500
Concentrates (about).....200
\$1,100

A few shares for sale at the par value, 25 cents. Company's capital, \$100,000. Treasury on hand (stock) \$12,000. All promoters' stock posted to October 31st.

BEAUMONT ROGGS & CO.,
Company's Brokers—55 Broad Street.

Klondike Canvas Boats

Weight, 40 lbs., will carry 1,500 lbs. Tents, Bags, Pack Covers in stock and made to order. Made from the best material, at F. J. HUN & BROS.' Tent Factory, 127, Government Street. 1931-19

British Columbia.

NICOLA.

A meeting of all Liberals within the district will be held at Nicola Lake on Friday, 27th inst., at 3 p.m., for the purpose of forming a Liberal association.

On Wednesday last Bartlett Newman, an old-time resident of British Columbia, died at Wm. Buse's ranch, Campbell creek, aged 69 years. Bartlett Newman was born at Hilltown, Westmead, Ireland. He emigrated to the United States somewhere about '44, and was in California shortly after the excitement of '49. He came to British Columbia in '62, and, like most old timers, spent several years in Cariboo. About 1870 he settled in Nicola Valley and lived in the neighborhood ever since.

NEW WESTMINSTER.

At the congregational meeting in St. Andrew's Presbyterian church on Thursday evening, for moderating in a call to a pastor, there was a large attendance. Moderator McLaren occupying the chair. Mr. R. T. Granger asked permission to make a statement before the regular business of the meeting began, which statement proved to be an account of the steps which had been taken by himself and other members of the congregation with a view of persuading Rev. A. B. Winchester, in charge of the Chinese work in the province, to allow his name to be placed in nomination for a call. The statement further dealt with certain alleged rumors prejudicial to Mr. Winchester, and at the conclusion Mr. Granger asked that Rev. Mr. Winchester, who was present, might be allowed to address the meeting briefly in refutation of these rumors. Permission was granted, and Mr. Winchester addressed the meeting accordingly. Upon resuming the business of the meeting, the moderator asked for a vote on the question whether the congregation were ready to proceed to a call, which being decided in the affirmative, a secret nominating ballot was taken. This resulted in Rev. A. E. Vert being placed in nomination by a majority of all the votes cast. On behalf of the session, it was then moved that the nomination be made unanimously, which was carried practically unanimously by a standing vote, and the call was duly made out and signed by those present.

J. C. Henderson, of Chilliwack, gives a glowing account of the crop prospects in his part of the district. Mr. Henderson says that, taken all around, the crops this year promise to be larger and better than any since 1883. The fruit crop is, perhaps, the only exception to the general rule, and this is likely to be considerably short this year. The rather moist summer has, however, been very favorable to the roots, which are giving very large returns. As for hay and grain, the Chilliwack Valley is a sight to be seen. The roots are a splendid crop, and many a field will thrash out over 100 bushels per acre. The hay crop is immense. In many cases this crop will go four tons to the acre, and is uniformly of excellent quality. If the ranchers only have one more season without a flood and with anything like as good crops, they will be on their feet again financially.

A full length portrait of the late Chief Justice, Sir Matthew Baillie Begbie, in full court dress, has been secured by Mr. E. A. Jerns on behalf of the bar association of New Westminster. It is the intention to hang the portrait in the barristers' room in the court house as soon as it is framed.

FAIRVIEW.

Fairview, Aug. 3.—The Smuggler company intends to keep the stump mill running from this date, day and night. Since they started up with the new machinery the mill has been running almost continuously without stoppage. They had a clean-up yesterday, and the result was highly satisfactory. The exact returns are not yet known. The rock, however, averaged over \$10 per ton off the plates, and the concentrates run high. Some very rich ore is being prepared for shipment to the smelter, this ore being from the daybreak, as it is called, in the shaft. This ore runs as high as \$1,800 per ton. The balance of the ore is milled here.

Messrs. Dier, Davidson & Russell's new 20-stamp mill is being rushed forward with all possible speed, and Mr. Joshua Hendy, the superintendent of construction, fully expects to have the mill running by September 10th next.

The Tin Horn mine still continues to show up well, and is improving as work proceeds in the upper tunnel. The ledge is fully twelve feet wide, with solid ore between clean, straight walls, and two shifts of men are now employed.

The foundation for the new hotel being built by Messrs. Dier, Davidson & Russell, on the new townsite, is now laid, and the work is being pushed forward with the usual energy of this firm. The lumber and material are being brought from Vernon, and the firm has now twenty-six four and six-horse teams on the road from Penticton, hauling in material and machinery for the hotel and mill, as well as mining supplies. This is only the beginning of a series of new buildings on the new townsite, as four or five new stores will shortly be started.

The Shamrock, owned by the same company, is showing up well. On the Winchester work is proceeding night and day. The Mammoth's tunnel is now 425 feet. Mr. John Douglas has arrived in the camp from Midway, and has secured work on several of the prospects here. Mr. Fleming Robertson is calling for tenders for development work on four claims belonging to the Kimberley Company, of Hamilton, Ont. Messrs. Margot & McEachern have taken the water out of the shaft of the Morning Star, and are awaiting the arrival of a mining expert, who is expected daily to inspect the claim. This camp is thus a very busy one, and a good round sum is being spent on development work.

In industrial circles things are equally busy. Mr. William Dalrymple has reopened his blacksmith shop, and is doing a good business already. Messrs. Sprague Bros. have had decidedly more work than they could attend to for some time back, and it has been almost impossible to get a horse shod without a long wait.

Messrs. John Stevens, Charles Wink-

ler and William James, all old residents of the camp, leave to-morrow on a prospecting trip.

Mr. M. P. Thomson, of Messrs. Thomson Bros., Vancouver, is paying the camp a flying visit, and will leave for the south to-morrow, on a trip through the various camps, going out by way of Roseland.

Numerous prospecting parties, with their trains of pack and saddle horses, are coming and going, and together with the numerous freight teams, one would almost think this camp was on the route to the Clondyke.

Necessary steps are being taken to have a school built and opened here, as families are gradually coming in, and the bachelors are growing beautifully less.

GOLDEN.

The party of Alpine climbers accompanying Professor Fay, of Boston, succeeded on Tuesday in reaching the summit of Mount Lecky. This is the same mountain on which Mr. Abbott, of New York, lost his life last August in attempting to scale.

STEVESTON.

Steveston, Aug. 7.—Though the hay harvest is hardly finished owing to the abundance of the crop to be gathered in, the grain harvest is fairly well on, and the reapers are hard at work. The grain crop appears to be a very profitable one; not too heavy as regards straw, but carrying a good ear of grain. This is particularly true of the oats.

The root crops are also looking remarkably well and the potatoes make as good a showing as to quality on the table as they do as to quantity on the field.

The run of salmon still continues to be remarkably good, though not quite so large as it was. Some of the canners are now able to take the limits of their boats and to take all the fishermen bring in, but others are still working under the limit of from 150 to 250 per day.

The humpbacks are now making their appearance, and the fear is that they will claim the approach of the end of the big run. Their presence increases the fishermen's difficulties, certainly, as they count for a good deal in work, but there is no return in pay. Most of the canners have their packs fully two-thirds up now, and if there is a fair run during next week they will practically make it complete, but some are evidently prepared to go on as long as fish can be got.

REVELSTOKE.

Revelstoke Herald.

The steamer Lytton, in command of Captain J. W. Troop, returned Saturday afternoon from a successful trip to La Porta, a distance of some 45 miles north of Revelstoke, on the Columbia river. They met with very little difficulty. She left Revelstoke on Thursday morning, and took some freight to the shape of mining machinery for the French Creek Mining Company. It is to be hoped the communication can be kept up with the Big Bend country by boat, now that a start has been made. The steamer Lytton is the first steamer that has plied north of Revelstoke for the past 30 years.

Dr. R. G. Brett, from the Halcron Hot Springs, on the Upper Arrow Lake, went east to Banff this week. He has some wonderful stories of the water, which carries more lithium than any known spring in the world. The doctor seems to thrive on it anyway. This same lithium is a great thing. If a man starts business by loading himself up with lithium he can face a gallon or two of whiskey with ease and indifference, and it is even a matter of record that a man who all his life (84 years) had been accustomed to take two of whiskey to one of water, was able to hold his own successfully against a demi-john of ice-cold brandy by combining it with lithium water.

THIS ELEPHANT A BORN MIMIC.

There is a baby elephant up at Glen Island just about as imitative as a monkey and as mischievous as a basket of monkeys. Its latest feat is standing on its little head when nobody is looking.

It is the intention of the management of Glen Island to have a permanent exhibition of trained animals, and with this end in view Trainer W. A. Conklin, who for so many years superintended the Central park zoo, was commissioned to secure three additional elephants. So he got Basil, a big phlegmatic beast; Siam, who is being trained to stand on his head, play a cornet and to wait, and Babe, a 14-month-old infant.

It is Babe's high degree of intelligence and mischievous inclinations that cause the trouble. He is a born clown, and imitates the others in nearly everything they do.

Siam was taking his usual training lesson Friday with Babe as an interested spectator. Walter Banister and his corps of assistants had been working for an hour endeavoring to get the beast to stand on his head. He seemed willing to do what was wanted but was at a loss to know how to go about it. Babe took it all in with a look of profound amusement in his intelligent eyes.

Finally Siam managed to get his rear feet in the air and balanced on his head for several seconds. Babe looked at him intently an instant, then began to imitate him. Three times he made the attempt, but what he had seen the other elephant do before he succeeded. Then he trumpeted as if fully appreciating that he had accomplished without assistance what had taken the other beast many lessons to achieve.

A few hours later Siam was given his cornet lesson. The instrument was placed on a stand before him and he was made to place his trunk to the mouthpiece and pump air into it. The result is not the production of a very good cornet, but in volume what is lacking in melody. Babe watched the operation closely, then endeavored to stretch his trunk to the instrument. He was beaten back and Siam's lesson proceeded.

The elephants are put to practical use at Glen Island, and can frequently be seen drawing heavy loads. Babe was hitched to a cart one day and saw a man in advance of him pulling up signs. The management had decided to have them repainted.

A few days later when the signs had been newly painted and replaced in their respective positions Babe was lumbering along the path with a load of clender behind him. He was unattended and took a longer time than usual. A man was sent to ascertain the reason and found the elephant diligently pulling up every sign he came across. He would stop before each one and yank it up with his trunk. —New York Evening World.

ANOTHER WAY TO GO.

The Ashcroft Journal advocates the Interior Route to the Yukon.

It is reported that a special agent of the Dominion government will during the present month visit the Cottonwood and Fort George regions to report on the same, and the government has promised to act promptly in removing the obstructions, so that it now seems very likely to be the case that within a few months steamers will be running through Soda Creek to Stuart's Lake, a distance of about 500 miles from Ashcroft and into the heart of the Omineca district. This will place supplies at that point at an advance from 4 to 6 cents over coast prices, and will only leave a stretch of about 400 miles between that point and Teslin Lake, with a good cattle and pack trail and plenty of feed through. Teslin Lake is bound by the conditions of affairs to be the headquarters of the Yukon trade for Canadian mines. It is a cheap and all Canadian route to the mines and new discoveries at Stewart's river and other points this side of the Clondyke all go to show that the source of the Yukon gold placers will be found near the base of and in the Cassiar and perhaps Rocky range.

A meeting of the business men of the Cariboo road should certainly be held in the near future to formulate some plan whereby the true state of affairs can be spread far and wide and a knowledge of the rich placers of Cariboo, Cassiar, and hundreds of yet undiscovered creeks carrying fortunes, if properly worked, placed before the tens of thousands who are already looking toward the Northwest. In our judgment an association should be formed to forward the matter of improving roads and trails and an office established in charge to answer all letters of inquiry, send out maps and plans of the Canadian route to the Clondyke, and give for the next six months at least, a prominence to this section, as its true condition warrants. Think what it would mean to all if even 10,000 of the multitude already pushing their way to the Northwest could be induced to go in via Cariboo and Cassiar.

Thomas Hamilton was for 17 years an employee of the Hudson's Bay Company in that section, viz. Stuart's lake, for four years at Nechaco river and for some years a trader at Fort Connelly. During Mr. Hamilton's time many bands of cattle were successfully driven into Telegraph creek and the Cassiar mines. The route, Mr. Hamilton says, is through a country abounding in feed and the trail is easy for packing or herding cattle. From Telegraph creek the new trail to Teslin Lake will put interior British Columbia within easy drive of the Yukon markets. No other route offers the inducement for overland travel to the Clondyke that the Cariboo-Cassiar-Teslin Lake route does. Thousands will travel in next season. They will buy their pack animals in Ashcroft and begin the journey here. All along the route they can restock and resupply if they wish at Telegraph Creek, and further they can spend their time profitably in prospecting the creeks and rivers on their way and may strike another Clondyke before going many hundred miles and Teslin Lake, 700 miles from Quesnelle by trail, is bound to be a great mining section, so say all authorities.

VICTORIA MARKETS.

Retail quotations for Farmers' Produce Carefully Corrected.

Scarcely any change is noticeable in the prices current in the city markets save in butter, the price of which went up this morning. The fish market, although the slawish fishermen have gone back to their homes, is still glutted and a very low price is being obtained for salmon and halibut. In the grocery business a slight falling off is noticeable, as a large number of people are away from town. In the meat market no change whatever has taken place. The prices current in the local markets are as follows:

Premier (Enderby).....	\$5.50
Strong Baker's (O.K.).....	\$5.25
Lake of the Woods.....	\$4.00
Snowflake.....	\$5.50
XXX.....	\$5.25
Lion.....	\$5.25
Three Star (Enderby).....	\$5.50
Salem.....	\$5.75
Letto's Hungarian.....	\$6.00
Ogilvie's Hungarian.....	\$6.00
Wheat, per ton.....	\$35 to \$37.50
Barley, per ton.....	\$28 to \$30
Middlings, per ton.....	\$20 to \$22
Bran, per ton.....	\$18 to \$20
Ground feed, per ton.....	\$22 to \$28
Corn, cracked.....	\$24 to \$29
Oatmeal, per 10 pounds.....	45 to 50c
Roller oats, (R. or N. W.).....	3c
Roller oats, (B. & K.) 7lb. sacks.....	30c
New potatoes, per lb.....	14c
Cabbage.....	12c
Caiflower, per head.....	10c to 12c
Corn, per doz.....	12c to 15c
Hay, baled, per ton.....	\$15 to \$16
Straw, per bale.....	50c to 75c
Onions, per lb.....	3c to 4c
Bananas.....	25c to 30c
Lemons (California).....	25c to 35c
Apples, per lb.....	15c to 20c
Oranges, Cal. seedlings.....	40c to 50c
Grapes.....	12c to 15c
Tomatoes.....	10c to 15c
Pumpkins.....	10c to 15c
Peaches.....	10c to 12c
Pineapples.....	40c to 50c
Watermelons.....	25c to 35c
Mushrooms.....	25c to 35c
Fish—small.....	8c to 10c
Eggs, Island, fresh, per doz.....	25c to 30c
Eggs, Manitoba.....	20c
Butter, creamery, per lb.....	25c
Butter, Delta creamery, per lb.....	30c
Butter, fresh.....	20c to 25c
Cheese, Canadian.....	15c to 20c
Cheese, California.....	15c to 20c
Hams, American, per lb.....	16c to 18c
Hams, Canadian, per lb.....	16c
Bacon, American, per lb.....	15c to 18c
Bacon, rolled, per lb.....	12c to 14c
Bacon, long clear, per lb.....	12c
Bacon, Canadian, per lb.....	14c to 16c
Shoulders.....	14c
Lard.....	12c to 14c
Sides beef, per lb.....	8c to 10c
Neats—beef, per pound.....	10c to 15c
Mutton, per pound.....	10c to 15c
Mutton, whole.....	8c to 10c
Pork, sides, fresh, per lb.....	8c
Chickens, per pair.....	\$1.00 to \$1.50

Take good care of the hair of the head, and when it begins to loosen and fall off or turn gray apply Hall's Hair Renewer and the result will be pleasing.

DINING ABROAD.

In England and on the continent life is made more enjoyable by the many al fresco entertainments indulged in by the fashionables. Just at present it is the fad in England to dine out of doors. This does not mean an American picnic luncheon with table cloths spread over the bumpy ground and ants galloping up the sides of the strawberry pie, but a charming meal beautifully served in some ideal garden spot by the river, sheltered by a brick wall over which clamber roses. The table is spread as punctiliously as though in a banquet hall; the servants wait as deftly and society's bows and beaus in dainty toilets to which, by the way, hats are added, enjoy their dinners more because of the fresh air and novelty.

Tired, Nervous, Sleepless Men and women—how gratefully they write about Hood's Sarsaparilla. Once helpless and discouraged, having lost all faith in medicines, now in good health and "able to do my own work," because Hood's Sarsaparilla has power to enrich and purify the blood and make the weak strong—this is the experience of a host of people.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best family cathartic and liver medicine. Gentle, reliable and sure.

BOVRIL

Is the Product of Prime Ox Beef

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Forms a complete food for Brain, Blood, Bone and Muscle, and supersedes all ordinary Meat Extracts, for flavoring and enriching Soups, Sauces and Made Dishes. Sold by all first class Grocers and Druggists.

WHOLESALE DEPOT

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27 St. Peter St., MONTREAL.



LATEST... FRENCH SKIRTS

require a light interlining. Experience has taught us that silk and cloth skirts will not flare stylishly without this support, but don't buy the cheap, poor, imitation interlinings unless you want to spoil the set of the garment. The best dress-makers use only the genuine

Fibre Chamois,

selecting No. 20 weight for this new skirt. They especially recommend Fibre Chamois for travelling gowns, as it prevents crushing and creasing in the folds, no matter how tightly or how long it is packed. Cut the interlining to fit each gore and stitch in with the seam—the illustrations of dress skirt turned wrong side out show the correct method. We recommend the Lip Waterproof Dress Bindings. Ask to see them. For sale at all Dry Goods and Trimming Establishments.

Free Skirt Pattern: Dressmakers who will mail us their business cards will receive the latest French skirt pattern free of charge.

Address: Canadian Fibre Chamois Co., Montreal.

You will live to regret it, if you fail to read this

"THE LIP"

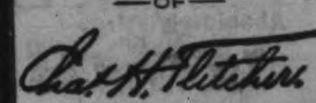
The neatest, cleanest and most durable Dress Protector ever made. A Perfect Protector, Binding Extender and Facing combined. Non-infectious. Repels Germs. GIVES graceful folds, Conforms to any shape. NEVER fades, frays or becomes ragged. EASILY applied. No basting required. SANITARY and Waterproof. QUICKLY cleaned with sponge and brush. WILL not wear the shoe.

The Canadian Fibre Chamois Co. Manufacturers.

Be sure and ask your merchant for AUTOMATIC DRESS FASTENER

The advantages are strength combined with ease. Saving of time and labor. Easily fixed in Bodice. Side-stays made of finest tempered material. Bodice fastened in a moment. Fastener to the ordinary hook and eye. The fastenings are strongly made and warranted not to break. Fastenings tested. To be had in Black.

SEE THAT THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF



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CASTORIA

Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomach and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Dr. H. H. Plummer

Perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and Loss of Sleep.

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At 6 months old 35 DROPS—35 CENTS

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CRICKET.

NANAIMO WON.

The team of cricketers from Nanaimo met and defeated the Victoria Cricket Club at the Caledonia grounds on Saturday afternoon by 37 runs. The local team, when the game was called, were short, and had it not been for the courtesy of the visitors, who gave them some batters, they would have been compelled to field short-handed. Nanaimo closed their innings for 73, the only player to reach double figures being J. D. Quinn, who was not out for 38, contributing more than half the total. He practically won the match for the visitors, for before he went to the last seven wickets were down for 16. Victoria made but 26 runs when they went to the wicket, Thomas, with seven opposite his name, being the highest scorer. As only nine of their team were present T. R. Fether and Prof. Foster batted for them.

ALBIONS VS. NAVY.

The match played between the Albion Cricket Club and the Navy at the Canteen grounds on Saturday afternoon resulted in a drawn game. The Navy, who batted first, were all retired for 106, and at the call of time the Albions had 93 for 6 wickets. Had the match been finished they would in all probability have won, as they had but 10 runs to get and 4 wickets to fall when the match closed.

THE MILITIA MEN WON.

The Fifth Regiment Cricket Club, second eleven, defeated a team from the R.M.A. on Saturday afternoon at Beacon Hill by a score on the first innings of 60 against 54 scored by the R.M.A. In the second innings the R.M.A. declared their innings closed at 6 o'clock on the fall of the fourth wicket for 26 runs. The Fifth Regiment then went in and scored 33 for 2 wickets before time was called.

LACROSSE.

VANCOUVER BEATEN BADLY.

The Westminster team treated a large audience that were present on the Westminster club's grounds, on Saturday afternoon to watch the lacrosse match between teams from those two cities to an immense surprise. As soon as the ball was faced they began to play rings around the Vancouver boys and 38 minutes from the commencement of the game they had succeeded in piling up seven goals to their credit. The Vancouver team afterwards scored one, which appeared to have been given to the beaten team to console them as it were. The defeat is accounted for by the sports present as being due to over-confidence. The Terminal City players when they arrived at Westminster, although out of condition, regarded themselves as winners, and on the strength of this their followers put up about \$500, for which they are now very sorry, as the Westminster people lost no time in covering it.

PIONEERS VS. CAPITALS.
Next Saturday afternoon the public will be able to see a good lacrosse match and the children of the Protestant Orphans' Home will be benefited by the proceeds. A team of the pioneer lacrosse players of British Columbia are practising hard for the event, and judging by the form displayed by the veterans, the players of the local team will have to play very hard if they wish to win. The grounds of the Caledonia Society have been granted free of charge, and the 5th Regiment band have offered their services gratis.

LAWN TENNIS.

THE FINALS.

When the Times went to press on Saturday there were only two matches in the Victoria Lawn Tennis Club's annual tournament to be decided, the ladies' singles and the gentlemen's. Miss Gordon had already won the first set in the ladies' singles against Miss Macrae. She continued her steady play and won the match 6-1, 6-1, thus retaining the championship. The big match of the day was between J. F. Foulkes, of this city, and G. A. Hurd, of Seattle, which Foulkes won 6-0, 6-1, 6-1, after a most stubborn match. The result was a pleasant surprise to Mr. Foulkes' friends, that gentleman having been twice defeated at Seattle last month by Mr. Hurd.

American News.

Washington, Aug. 6.—P. B. Wear, of the North American Trading Company, has written a letter to the treasury department in which he says:
"If the Portland carries as much as two millions in dust, it would certainly be an enormous business if we could get an escort out of Behring sea. We want to winter many of our boats at the mouth of the river. They will leave Dawson about the last of September or just before the ice closes in, and our information is that they will bring a large amount of treasure."
"If your department has a Gatling gun we would be glad if you could let the Portland have it, and we will return the same and give bond to do so. If this is possible, wire the secretary of the company at Seattle where he can obtain the gun. We shall need it until September 10th, when the Portland sails northward."

—New goods, Keeler's marmalade and fine Canadian cheese. R. H. Jameson, 33 Fort street.

CANNOT COMPETE

Therefore American Companies Get Congress to Legislate Against British Steamers.

Additional Duty of Ten Per Cent on Goods for America Shipped Through Canada.

Unable to compete against the C.P.R. and N.P.R. in carrying freight from Asiatic to Pacific coast points, the big companies, the steamers of which run to San Francisco, have succeeded in having a clause inserted in the United States tariff act which will prevent the C.P.R. and N.P.R. from carrying freight, destined for the States, from Asiatic ports to Victoria or Vancouver. A Washington dispatch says:

"Some of the members of the tariff conference committee injected into the conference report a line that will destroy with a single blow the vast advantage the Canadian Pacific railroad has heretofore enjoyed over roads in the United States, and will stop the vast Asiatic importations from Victoria, B. C., which have always gone to American ports of the Canadian Pacific line."
"Section 22 of the tariff bill provides that a discriminating duty of 10 per centum ad valorem in addition to the duties imposed by law shall be collected and paid on all goods, wares or merchandise, which shall be imported in vessels not of the United States, or which bring the production or manufacture of any foreign country not contiguous to the United States, which shall come into ports of the United States from such contiguous country."

"As it may be interpreted by the treasury department, this clause will mean that hereafter all importations from Asiatic countries brought into this country in bond over the Canadian Pacific from Victoria will have to pay a differential duty of 10 per cent. in addition to the regular duty imposed by the tariff."
"The C.P.R. carries a lot of Oriental freight destined for New York, while the N.P.R. steamers bring to Victoria a large amount of freight for San Francisco. It is with a view of securing this trade for the American lines that the clause has been inserted in the act."

PERSONAL.

Mrs. C. E. Redfern left yesterday for London.

Mr. Toms returned last evening from Vancouver.

Major Redfern returned from Vancouver last night.

J. A. Anderson and wife are back from the mainland.

W. F. McCullough came over from Vancouver last night.

George L. Courtney, local agent of the C.P.R., is in the city.

A. L. Briggs and wife returned last night from the mainland.

S. Tingley, wife and daughter, arrived from Ashcroft last evening.

Mrs. J. H. Brownlee, of Vancouver, is visiting friends in the city.

Mrs. Kains and daughter are back from a visit to the mainland.

Wm. Rice and E. du Marais, of Vancouver, are guests at the Driad.

Rev. George Maxwell, M.P. for Burford, returned to Vancouver on Saturday.

A. M. Beattie, of Vancouver, and W. T. Cooksley, of New Westminster, are in the city.

W. J. Drummond, of Saturna Island, and Charles Hadduck, of Ashcroft, are at the Oriental.

W. H. Bullock-Webster, chief provincial constable for the lower mainland, is registered at the Driad.

Miss H. L. Scarlett, of Winnipeg, is in the city visiting her brother, Mr. W. Scarlett, of R. P. Rittet & Co.

Mrs. Charles Hayward and Miss Hayward, who have been camping at Boundary Bay, returned home on Saturday.

H. S. Robertson, teacher of mathematics in the Collegiate Institute, Seaford, Ont., is spending a few days in the city.

W. J. Taylor, A. Lindsay, R. E. Cooper, G. R. King and C. A. Cullen were among the Victorians who came home from Vancouver yesterday.

J. A. Fullerton, J. E. Fagan, A. Whitall, R. Robinson, Jas. Solator and J. Harris, of the C.P.R. and Vancouver customs staff, are here to meet the Empress, due to-morrow.

Mrs. Stoddard and daughters left for England yesterday morning by the City of Kingston and the Northern Pacific Railway. The Misses Stoddard will go to London to pursue their musical studies.

Misses Simpson and Lemon, of Overlin, Ohio, who have been visiting Dixie H. Ross, left on the Miwera for Honolulu, to take positions on the teaching staff of the Honolulu Ladies' Seminary.

The Misses Drysdale, of Perth, Ont., who have been visiting in Victoria for a few weeks, left this morning for Nanaimo, where they will visit their brother, Dr. Drysdale, remaining a week, and then leaving for the east.

MARVELOUS DISCOVERY.

Composition Which Renders Vessels Invisible Under Electric Search-Light.

London, Aug. 7.—Which interest has been taken in French naval circles at the discovery of a composition which is alleged to have the marvellous property of rendering vessels invisible beneath the rays of electric search-lights. It is stated that at the naval manoeuvres off Brest, torpedo boat No. 61, representing the enemy, succeeded in traversing unseen a mine zone produced by electric projectors, thanks to having been coated with the new composition.

—Good, heavy gray blankets for Arctic weather on the Klondyke and other Canadian gold fields. Weiler Bros., 51-55 Fort st.

Patil has a weakness for Mexican terriers, and whenever she sees carries two or more with her, usually wrapped up in silk shawls.

A VOTE OF CONFIDENCE.

Considerable Surprise Manifested at the Political Situation in Chili.

New York, Aug. 9.—A special to the Herald from Valparaiso, Chili, says that the chamber of deputies has passed a vote of confidence in the ministry by a vote of 39 to 34. This action has caused considerable surprise, as the cabinet has been violently attacked in the chamber time after time. Prominent Conservatives state that there is every indication that the ministry will fall, owing to internal dissensions. The outlook now is that there will be no permanent ministry in Chili until the Liberal party unite against the Conservatives.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

Deuman Thompson is living on his farm in New Hampshire, and he says he has no notion of acting any more.

Daniel Webster was extraordinarily fond of oxen, and all those on his farm knew him by sight and would follow him like dogs.

George Eliot wrote for eight years with the same pen, and when she lost it bewailed her misfortune as almost too hard to bear.

Ex-Dean Allen, who has just died in his ninety-fifth year, was the oldest clergyman of the Church of Wales. He resided at St. David's Cathedral. He was graduated at Trinity College, Cambridge, no less than seventy-two years ago, and ten years later was ordained priest.

A prominent oculist relates the following story which recently occurred in his practice, showing the natural brightness of some little children: "The patient, a little boy five years of age, had some slight inflammation of the eye, and upon being interrogated as to the nature of the trouble replied: 'Well, I don't know just how to call it, but I don't get any light out of the eye.'—Cincinnati Tribune."

A little five-year old boy when told by his mother that they would go to see his baby cousin christened on the following Sunday, replied with a troubled countenance, that "he hoped the rector would go home as soon as he was through with his cousin." When asked why, he said: "Well, I've had enough. I've had the measles—and such awful pains in my stomach. So I don't want to be christened."

In civilized countries like this, it is a graceful thing to congratulate one on his birthday, but still nothing is thought of if such a ceremony is omitted. In China things seem to be different, and Prince Tsai, a noble of high rank, is in a good position to realize this fact. He failed to congratulate the dowager empress on her last birthday, and as a result he has been sentenced to lose his title and rank, and to be publicly whipped until he screams for mercy. Then he is to be shut up in a narrow cell and fed on spare diet "until he repents," the sentence says, but if he hasn't repented by the time he is through with the whipping, he will be a most extraordinary kind of man.

In the death of W. Wynans, an American millionaire, who has long lived abroad, the Alhambra theatre, London, has lost an old and influential patron. He owned extensive estates in Scotland, and was well known in England's capital, where he spent night after night in his box at the Alhambra. Such a regular patron was he that the management had fitted up a stove in the box during the cold weather. In a quiet way he interested himself in the ballet dancers, often obtaining small favors for them. Once he made them all glad at Christmas by giving each of the larger girls £10 apiece and each of the smaller ones £5 apiece. This curious distinction he never explained.

The precocity of children in these latter days is something to be wondered at, and this case of a New York boy would be amusing were it not for its serious results. Benjamin Simon was only 14 years old, but by the sentiments expressed in the following letter he might have been 40 instead. He committed suicide Saturday night because he had failed to pass the examination at the college of the city of New York, and before he jumped into the river he wrote the following letter to his parents: "My dear parents—I notify you that I will commit suicide. The reason is that I had no opportunity to carry out my resolution to study, on account of my circumstances. I have but few regrets that I am in the part of the world at such an age. The most important is that I have not held my resolution to 'agitate among the working masses for their emancipation from wage slavery by the overthrow of the capitalist system and for the establishment of the co-operative commonwealth advocated by the Socialist Labor party. I am grieved at the idea that you will think me cold and still. The resolution to commit suicide, though long delayed, will at last be executed. I cannot write more; my hand is trembling, but if you want to do the last request for your son, who is now dead to you and to the whole world, grieve not. I am wholly prepared to die the death I myself have sentenced. Your son, Benjamin Simon."

PASSENGERS.

Passenger list of the Empress, from Seattle, Aug. 7.—Miss Adams, Miss Clippert, Mr. and Mrs. Baker, Mr. and Mrs. Grinnell, Mr. and Mrs. Watt, D. Hall, C. O. Nelson and wife, Mrs. Wilson, Mrs. Wood, J. E. Flanagan, Mrs. Wilson, Mrs. Wilson, J. Mussen and wife, R. Short, J. E. Friesel and child, Miss Hobrecht and child, Miss Partridge, Miss L. Rodgers, Miss M. Lovell, Mrs. E. Dunham, F. T. Reid and child, Mrs. Wood, Mrs. Cooper, Mrs. Hill, Mrs. J. McCullough, Mrs. Hill, Mrs. Norris, Miss Grover, Miss McKay, Mrs. Marwood, Miss Wilcox, Mrs. Smith, J. Flindley, T. Thomson, W. A. Schall and wife, Mr. Marston and wife, C. A. Eary, Mrs. Jager, E. A. Cooper, J. W. Adams, D. R. Kerr, M. Kelly, Elora Stork, Mrs. B. Blanchard, E. R. Schoff, Miss A. Todd, R. Cuthbert and wife, R. S. Nolt, N. Knox, L. Baller, R. P. Lader, H. B. Thomson and wife and child, F. T. Reid, F. Flanagan, G. A. Gledhill, L.



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Taking

a course of Ayer's Pills the system is set in good working order and a man begins to feel that life is worth living. He who has become the gradual prey of constipation, does not realize the friction under which he labors, until the burden is lifted from him. Then his mountains sink into mole-hills, his moroseness gives place to jollity, he is a happy man again. If life does not seem worth living to you, you may take a very different view of it after taking

Ayer's Cathartic Pills.

G. Henderson, J. H. Rodgers, A. C. Colligan, Mrs. Clark and daughter, H. M. Grant, E. E. Edley, L. McCoy, M. Cherrill, A. E. Smith and wife, E. J. McPeck and wife, B. Holt, L. Dorven, H. Merrick, M. McDonald, Miss Lockett, Miss Briggs, Mrs. Avery, Miss Clark, Mr. and Mrs. Miller, M. T. Newton, Mrs. Waterman, Mrs. Gilmore, S. E. Andrews, Mrs. W. McLean, L. Clements, Mrs. Sharper, P. S. Keefe and wife, Mrs. S. E. Croun, J. R. Crouch, Miss Shepherd, Mrs. M. A. Smith, Miss Holmes, Miss McDonald, A. Williams, L. Mann, V. Wilson, Mrs. Milligan and son and daughter, J. Hower, M. Whitney and wife, W. Webster, J. Mariman, C. Nelson, T. Wharton, J. Harris, G. Fether, B. Wagner, A. S. Tucker, H. A. Lawler, G. W. Gore, A. O'Leary, J. Winter, and one Chinese.

Per steamer Charnier from Vancouver—C. S. Baxter and wife and son, M. Leuz, W. M. Rice, S. Tingley and wife and daughter, J. A. Fullerton, J. A. Thomson, W. Marston, C. D. Fisher and wife, Mr. J. H. Brownlee, W. F. McCulloch, A. M. Beattie, W. T. Cooksley, Mrs. Williams, Miss Watson, Mrs. Shaw, Miss Holmes, F. T. Hall and wife, J. O. Meles, J. P. Murray, Mrs. Rayner, A. Whitall, R. Robinson, J. Solator, C. Tingley, G. L. Courtney, W. M. Robson, J. Harris, J. E. Fagan, A. J. Briggs and wife, W. K. Reynolds, Mrs. and Misses Nicholls, T. Cullen, Mrs. Kains and daughter, J. A. McClellan, G. F. Shepherd, A. S. Mowat, R. E. Cooper, C. R. King, C. E. Redfern, Mrs. Griffin, Miss Heathfield, A. Lindsay, Mrs. Powell, Mrs. Simpson, W. J. Taylor, C. Cullen, Mrs. Allen, W. G. Hill, Miss Woolrich, J. A. Anderson and wife, G. Knight, R. E. Hill, G. W. Mooney.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer City of Kingston from the Sound—G. H. Maynard, Caroline Shulstad, G. Powell & Co., R. P. Rittet & Co., J. Piercy & Co., J. McQuade & Son, W. H. Adams, Turner & Co., J. L. Levy & Co., Findlay & Co., Nat. C. R. Co., K. Douglas & Co., Sinclair & Co., B. O. Iron Works, A. N. Henderson, Mrs. W. Smith, McLennan & McF. Wilson Bros, J. P. Sartoria, Henderson Pub. Co., F. E. Stewart, Oppenheimer Bros, Johns Bros, C. F. Gage, S. B. Finkelshtein, T. N. Hibben & Co., C. P. Greener, J. A. Sayward, B. A. Lilley, H. Clark, H. Clay, G. Grove, J. G. Calhoun, L. G. Ballard, A. Dreyer, H. G. Harris, Brown & Carter, A. S. Tucker, G. W. Grove, A. W. Williams.
Per steamer Charnier from Vancouver—Naval Store Keeper, Langley & H. Bros, W. J. Pearday, Turner & Co., W. G. Woolper, S. Leiser, J. H. Baker, Spratt & Gray, H. S. Paillet, L. R. Brown, Thorpe & Co., J. H. Todd & Son, Watson & Hall, A. W. Heath, D. J. McLean, T. R. Cusack, Mrs. Newbury, F. M. Rattenbury, Victualing store keeper, Pether & Leiser, Ames Holden Co., H. Munwell, A. B. Erickson, J. H. Roberts, Bodwell & Irving, W. G. Cameron, J. Piercy, R. P. Rittet, Johns Bros, G. C. Hinton, L. & L. Officer Com. RMA, Staff Surgeon, Lt. J. C. Watson, J. Hutchison, J. Maynard, G. & McC. T. N. Hibben, S. J. Pitts, Baby Bros, B. O. Furniture Co., H. B. Co., F. Davidson, B. O. Steam Dye Works, Prov. Pub. Co., Don Ex Company.

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BIRTH.

CAMPBELL—On the 8th inst., the wife of the Rev. Dr. Campbell, of a daughter.

DIED.

M'NEILL—On August 1st, at the Hotel Grand, Nakusp, Mrs. McNeill wife of Hugh McNeill, proprietor Hotel Grand.

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